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THE
FELIX GILLET
NURSERY



1871-1938

NEVADA CITY
CALIFORNIA

Please Observe the Following When Ordering

OUR NURSERY, 2600 feet above sea level, in the Sierra Nevada of NORTHERN CALIFORNIA, produces hardy plants that ripen up, as they should, in the fall and are in perfect condition for planting long before those produced at lower elevations and latitudes. Our latitude is the same as Southern Ohio. WE CAN SHIP ANYWHERE. No mealy bug, white fly or other pests are found here.

SHIPPING SEASON—From October 25th to May 1st. Stocks in pots and cans, at any time. **FILBERTS**, November 15th to March 15th.

ORDER EARLY—Place your orders as far in advance as possible. We can give you better selection and service by having the order in hand before the rush season is on. It is better to have your stock shipped before you are actually ready to plant, if possible, heeling it in on your grounds. **How to heel in trees**, see below. Movement of nursery stock is governed by weather conditions.

SUBSTITUTIONS—None made unless so instructed.

ADJUSTMENTS—We promptly and cheerfully correct any errors made by us, if promptly advised on receipt of stock.

TERMS—Cash with order, or on orders placed long in advance of shipping date, 25% cash will hold same. Expense of handling will not permit acceptance of tree orders for less than \$1.00, unless called for at the nursery. Except where marked Postpaid, Parcel Post charges must be included; any excess will be refunded or extra plants sent for same. Freight and express are paid by purchaser, except as noted.

CALIFORNIA STATE TAX—State law requires us to collect 3% tax on all sales for shipment within the State. Please add this to your remittance. Shipments to points outside California require no tax.

Five trees or plants OF A KIND at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate, except as noted.

Where 10 ornamental trees or shrubs of one variety are ordered 10% reduction from list prices.

Prices in This Catalog Supersede All Previous Quotations and are Subject to Change.



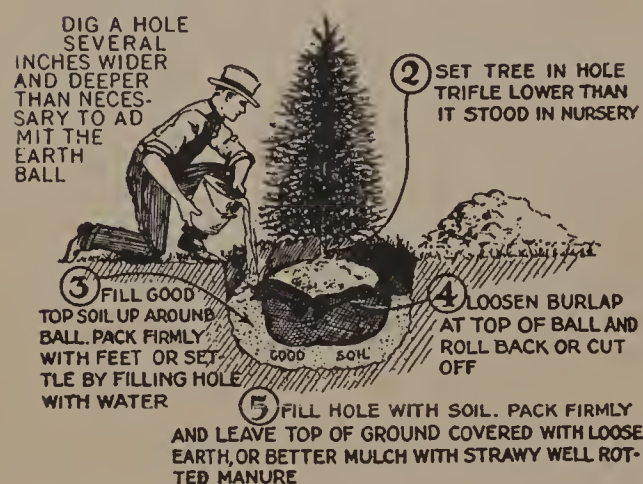
PLANTING INSTRUCTIONS



See Page 16 for Way to Store Your Trees

How to Plant Balled Plants

SET BALLED PLANTS THIS WAY



Safety and Protection. In nearly all cases it is advisable to give the trunk of the trees protection to guard against sunburn. This is done by giving the trunk a thorough whitewashing to the first branches and then wrapping loosely with burlap. Sunburn induces borers to enter the tree. See page 16 for Tree Protectors.

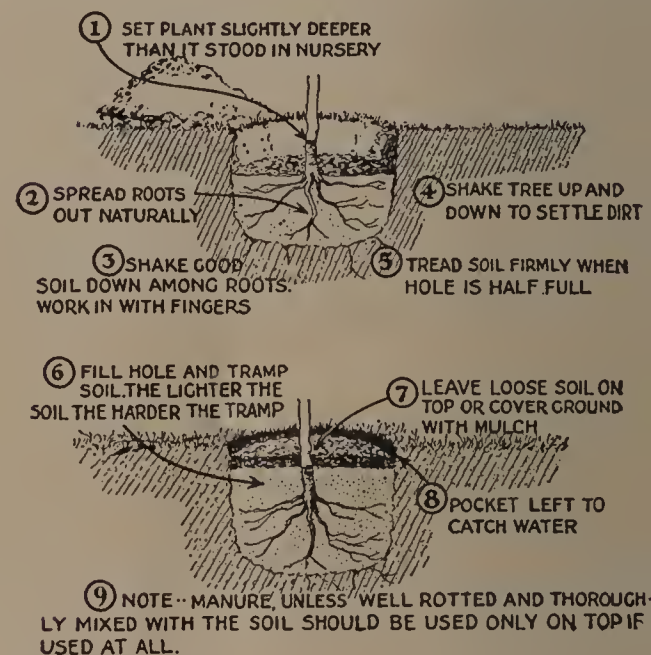
Pruning Roots and Tops. With sharp knife trim off broken roots and bruised ends of roots of all deciduous trees and shrubs. The tops of deciduous trees and shrubs should be pruned in proportion to the amount of roots lost in transplanting. Usually remove 1/3 of growth on deciduous trees and shrubs. Most evergreens from cans or that are balled need no pruning when planted. If requested to do so we will prune back all plants before shipping. Do not top Birch trees, although the lateral branches may be shortened in.

After Care. While of the greatest importance, proper planting is only the beginning. Trees may live even though neglected, but will fail to render the satisfaction and pleasure that is possible if well cared for. Never let trees get dry during the first summer. When you irrigate, see that they get a thorough soaking. This is vastly better than giving them a little water at a time. Keep the ground around your plants and trees thoroughly loose. A good mulch is a great help. Our stock properly planted and cared for will repay any little additional expenditure of time and fertilizer.

The Importance of Staking. Most deciduous trees should be firmly staked when planted, as this will prevent heavy winds from loosening them and insure a straight growth. In fastening the tree to the stake, wrap some burlap around the body of the tree first so as to prevent chafing.

Wire Tags. Should be removed when planting or they will girdle tree.

SET PLANTS WITH BARE ROOTS THIS WAY



MISCELLANEOUS PLANTS

GIANT-FLOWERING GLADIOLUS

POSTPAID. 6 of a kind at the dozen rate; 50 at the 100 rate. Except as noted, 8c each; 3 for 15c; 50c doz.; \$3.50 per 100.

(Plant from November to May)

Largest No. 1 quality, selected to produce fine long-stemmed blossoms of mammoth size. Plant about 4 inches deep, 7 to 8 inches apart. Keep the ground moist until the flower-spikes begin to appear, then water freely. Take up in fall, after leaves become yellow, store in cool, dark place, free from frost.

Betty Nuthall. Beautiful orange-pink with pale orange throat; immense flowers 6 inches across.

Charles Dickens. Clear glowing violet-purple.

Commander Koehl. Huge spikes with large blooms of brilliant, deep scarlet-red. 10c each; 3 for 25c; 75c doz.

Dr. F. E. Bennett. Peach-red with scarlet suffused.

Mrs. Frank Pendleton. Rose-pink.

Golden Dream. Beautiful clear sulphur-yellow.

Mrs. F. C. Hornberger. Splendid giant white.

Mrs. Leon Douglas. Geranium-pink, striped flame and scarlet.

Pelegrina. Dark violet-blue, blotched slightly darker on two lower petals. One of the finest in the dark-blue shades, 10c each; 3 for 25c; 85c per 12; \$6.00 per 100.

Pfitzer's Triumph. Enormous flowers of bright flaming salmon with a cherry blotch in the throat. A striking variety.

Picardy. A most sensational flower of delicate apricot-pink. Many extremely large florets open at one time. 60c doz.; \$4.00 per 100.

Virginia (Scarlet Princeps). Large, well-formed flowers of a beautiful shade of glowing scarlet.

De Luxe Mixture (Large Bulbs). This is the finest mixture obtainable and is taken from the above and many other fine varieties. 50c per doz.; \$3.50 per 100; \$30.00 per 1000.

TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS

Plant January to May

We can supply **Giant Double-flowered.** Similar in form to a beautiful double rose, in Orange, Pink, Scarlet, Crimson or Mixed. Strong Selected bulbs, 15c each; \$1.50 per doz.; \$2.75 for 25 (plus 3 per cent tax), postpaid.

Perennials

Postpaid to 4th Zone, Except as Noted.

(R) **Anchusa Myosotiflora.** Dwarf. 25c.
Aquilegia. Columbine. Long Spur. Strong 2 year mixed. 25c.
Aster. Fall. Michaelmas Daisy. Purple, Blue, Gray, Red Clumps. 25c.
Cannas. Red, Pink, Yellow. \$2.00 dozen. 20c each.
Desmodium. 8 ft. tall. Clover like leaves. Rosy purple flowers. Late Fall Divisions. 25c.
Dicentra Spectabilis. Bleeding heart. 50c.
(R) Felicia Petiolata. Pink. Trails. For sun. 15c.
Hemerocallis. Day lily. Yellow. Bronzy Red. 15c, 25c.
Helenium. 6 ft. Sneezewort yellow. Divisions. 20c.
Iris. Bearded. 30 named kinds. \$1.25 doz.
(R) Iris Cristata. Very dwarf, blue. 25c.
(R) Myosotis. For-get-me-not. 3 for 15c.
(R) Nepeta Glechoma. Ground cover. 35c doz.
Pachysandra. Ground cover for shade. Div. \$1.50 doz.
Phlox. Asst. colors. 30c each; 3 for 75c; \$2.50 doz.
(R) Plumbago. Lady Lapente. Blue. 15c.
(R) Sedums in assortment. 15c. \$1.00 doz.
Tritoma. Red Hot Poker, 25c. 35c.
Tritoma. New Hybrids. 25c.
Violet. Pink. 15c.
Yucca Filamentosa. 25c to 75c.
Yucca Filamentosa, variegated. 50c.
(R) Means suitable for Rock Plant.

We have many other perennials too numerous to list. 15c to 25c

Outdoor Ferns

***Woodwardia.** Giant Fern. 25c. \$2.25 doz.
 *(R) **Rock Fern.** Very dwarf. Native. 25c.
 *(R) **Maiden Hair.** Hardy. 15c.

House Plants

Geraniums. Red and Pink, Salmon, White. Single or Double. 20c to 50c.

Dracena Palm. (Hardy.) 35c up.

(R) **Baby Tears.** Tiny Leaves. Drapes over pot or rocks. 15c.

Sprengeri Asparagus Fern. 25c to 75c.

Boston Fern. \$1.00 to \$2.00.



C. E. PARSONS,
Proprietor

Greetings for 1938—

And may we thank you for your favors to us, for it is a privilege to send you this catalog. For twenty-five years past I have been mailing it out, and but few of its recipients are known personally to me. How nice it would be to sit down and talk over your planting plans. Figuratively, we can enjoy a little chat by the pool in the Sunken Garden illustrated below. For gardens are just the place to talk over one's planting plans, especially if you are fitting up your grounds for pleasanter surroundings.

First, let me tell you of some good things to look for in this list of plant material. Some are new, some unusual, others rare, and all are desirable. Right at the bottom of this page is a list of **hedge plants** that differ from the customary privet. On Page 4 is the new **Mayseptjan Chestnut**, fine for shade and nuts.

Pages 6 and 7 describe the new **Junipers**, Andorra and Conferta, **Larch**, **Western Yew**, **Torreya**, **Hemlock**, and **Single Leaf Pine**.

Page 8 The colorful **Cistus Purpurens**, a bargain in **Peonies**, the **Genista Standfordi** and that **Finding List** that guides you to the right plant of the right size for your purpose.

Page 10 **Two Buddleias** of charm, Isle de France and Alternifolia. **Japanese Maples** of graceful elegance. Here may also be found the **Climbing Rose Mermaid** and bush rose, **Hinrich Gaede**, both notable achievements. **Rosa Rouletti**, a miniature poem.

Page 12. New tones in Fall color are displayed by the **Vine Maple** and **Evergreen Elm**. The **Ring Leaf Willow** carries curls from nature's Beauty Parlor.

Page 13 has distinctly different and new **Ivies**. **Lonicera Heckrottii**—how it does bloom. **Weeping Cherry** that is on your "must list."

Page 14 lists such aristocrats as **Cotoneaster Apiculata** and **Parneyi**, **Euonymous Alatus**; **Chinese Opaca**, **Verticillata Hollies**, **Pyracantha Rodgersiana** and **Atalantoides**.

GIFTS THAT ENDURE. Everybody gives gewgaws, but you will give plants, always a welcome present to receive. Maybe a friend has a nice fresh pink little baby. Why not, as your present, a little tree to grow up with and prize in mature years?

PLANTS NOT SHOWN will be procured for you, if not in our stock, as we cannot list everything we grow. Larger sizes than shown may be had in many items, also smaller sizes. Right now we have nice stock of **Perennial Phlox** (Page 11), **Bleeding Heart**, **Gladiolus**, **Tuberous Begonia** (Page 2). Early orders for these are indicated.

Gratefully yours,

Proprietor.

HEDGE PLANTS In Small Sizes

		Size	Per 10	Per 50	Per 100
Barberry Japanese.....	15	D 10-12 in.	\$.75	\$2.75	\$5.00
Boxwood Gold Tip.....	12	E 12-15 in.	4.00	17.50	
Boxwood Dwarf	8	E 4-6 in.	1.50	5.75	10.00
Broom, Scotch.....	18	E 12-18 in.	1.00	4.25	7.50
Euonymous, Dwarf	10	E 6-8 in.	1.50	5.75	10.00
Filbert (Tall Hedge).....	60	D 12-18 in.	1.50	5.75	10.00
Hawthorne, English	18	D 6-8 in.	.75	2.75	5.00
Holly, English	18	E 6-8 in.	2.25	5.00	17.50
Holly, English	24	E 18-24 in.	7.50	32.50	
Laurel, English	18	E 10-12 in.	3.00	12.50	20.00
Privet, California	12	D 8-12 in.	.35	1.50	2.50
Privet, California	12	D 12-18 in.	.45	2.00	3.50
Privet, Wax	12	E 2-4 in.	.80	3.50	6.00
Pyracantha, Yunnanensis	30	E 6-8 in.	1.75	7.00	12.50
Santolina	12	E 8-10 in.	.75	3.50	6.00

Figures after the name show distance apart in inches to plant.
Letter after the name means D for deciduous; E for evergreen.

FILBERT SCIONS

Filberts. Barcelona, DuChilly, Kentish Cob, Daviana, Red and White Aveline, 5c per foot. Postpaid. Nottingham, Giate de Halles. Imperial. Noce Lunghe, Emperor and twenty other scarce varieties, 10c per foot. Postpaid. Minimum order scions, \$1.00.



SUNKEN GARDEN AT GILLET NURSERY

PRICE LIST AND DESCRIPTION OF GRAFTED TREES



LARGE AMERICAN SWEET
Covers 50-Cent Piece

Mayseptjan. (Pronounced Mayseption). Introduced by us in 1932. A large nut of fine quality about size and shape of our Large American Sweet variety. Bears well. Blooms in May, ripens in September, keeps until January, hence its name. Its value over others is its early ripening date. Falls from the burr.

Fuller. A hybrid sweet of finest quality. Medium large size. Matures mid-season. Easily kept in good condition until spring. Not so heavy a bearer as some, but makes up for it in quality. **Nuts fall free from burr.**

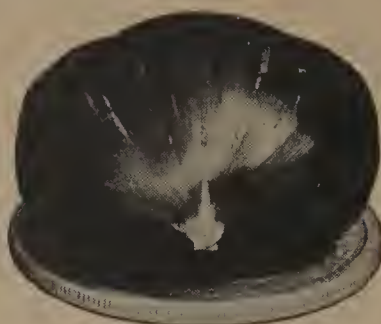
Boone. Medium large size. Ripens early. Bear early and abundantly. A Japanese-American Hybrid of fine quality. This nut peels easily, keeps well and does well under both valley and mountain conditions.

Quercy. A French Marron of large uniform size. Nut is round and glossy, dark rich brown, selling instantly on its appearance. Of heaviest consistent bearing. The most precocious bearer we have ever seen. Sets burrs three months from the graft. Matures nuts late and is in prime condition for the holiday trade. While not as good eating quality as the others listed, it can be counted on to stack up tonnage and profits. **80% fall free from burr.**

One Year Tops, Budded High, Two Year Roots	Caliper in Ins.	Height	Each	10
3/4 to 1 inch	6 ft. up		\$1.75	\$1.50
1 1/16 to 3/4 inch	5 ft. up		1.50	1.25
7/16 to 1/2 inch	3 ft. up		1.25	1.00
5/16 to 7/16 inch	2 ft. up		1.00	.90

5 trees at 10 rate.

Note: Higher prices on Colossal and Mollissima.



QUERCY
Covers a Silver Dollar

Large American Sweet. Five times the size of native American sweet and nearly as good quality. Matures very early, bringing top prices. Very attractive in form and color. A good bearer and strong grower. **Nuts fall free from burr** and are uniform in size. We strongly recommend this variety.

Mollissima. Known as "Chinese Hairy Chestnut," and bears quite young. Nuts large, good quality with easily peeled skin. It is more blight-resistant than any other species. Is much in demand and present supply very limited. **Place orders early, please.** Grafted stock in medium size trees only, \$2.50 each.

MOLLISSIMA SEEDLING TREES

	Each	10	100
4-6 ft.	\$.90	\$7.50	\$65.00
3-4 ft. ....	.75	6.00	50.00
2 ft. ....	.35	2.50	

COLOSSAL. An Asiatic hybrid. Extremely large nuts that **FALL FREE FROM THE BURR.** Ripens in September and brings high prices, being first in the market. Quality good. Quercy pollinates it. **This variety produces BIG PROFITS.** The nuts are big, the crop is big, the profits are big. Matures nuts in September. Whole crop is down in 10 days or two weeks. Original tree produces 175 to 200 lbs. every year and it is a small tree, compared with other chestnuts.

Note: Colossal, 2 to 4 ft., \$2.00 per tree.

Chestnuts For Profit and Home Use

YOU CAN PLANT

All varieties listed for California; with preference to Quercy and French Marrons for coast counties.

All varieties listed, for Eastern states and Pacific Northwest, except **QUERCY**, which may, however, be used as a pollinizer.



CASTIVA

Castiva. Our introduction. About the size and shape of Large American Sweet. Of fine quality. Sweet. Pellicle peels free from kernel. Matures early in season. Quercy pollinates this variety. Original tree has 60-foot spread. Bears heavily. **Nuts fall free from burr.**

CHESTNUT SEED

We Offer Nuts Prepared for Planting
Postpaid to Fourth Zone

	Per lb.	10 lbs.	50 lbs.
ITALIAN .....	.35c	\$3.00	\$12.50
FRENCH MARRON .....	.75c	5.00	17.50

HOW TO PLANT AND GROW THE CHESTNUT

Where to Plant—It grows like a regular native tree here and in the Sierra Nevada Mountains and wherever the Black Oak is found will be ideal conditions. They are also at home in the Valleys and are doing well near the coast. Immense trees can be expected on the deep, heavy soils. They take kindly to adobe.

How to Plant—On heavy, rich soil plant 60x60 feet. Poorer land 50x50, or if space is limited, 40x40. The chestnut requires plenty of light and air. Sixty feet between the rows and 30 feet apart in the row is the best plan. This takes 24 trees to the acre. Take out every other tree in row before they crowd. This plan allows inter-cropping of the wide row for a number of years. **Seedling trees may be used for the interplants.**

Soils—The chestnut does best on soils that are slightly acid, deep and fertile. This tree can not be expected to resist Oak Root fungus.

Cross-Pollination—More than one variety should be planted, both for benefits of cross-pollination and to lengthen out the harvest season. Our Quercy and French Marron varieties have an abundance of pollen.

Planting—Dig holes 2x2 feet all around. With sharp knife remove broken roots and cut ends of all roots to sound wood. Remove all buds below ground-line. Plant tree not deeper than before. Use only top soil (well firmed with ball of foot) about the roots. Tie tree firmly to stake soon as planted. Set stake while planting to avoid driving it into roots. Cut back whip trees one-half and allow one strong shoot to grow to six feet where it may be headed. Branched trees cut back to 3 or 4 branches and head in branches to 3 buds from trunk. Encourage growth to one central leader, which is Nature's way. **DON'T TRAIN TO VASE FORM**, as trees will split apart with weight of the crop. Shade trunk for first few years with Yucca Tree Protectors (see page 16) or two thin boards.

Irrigation—When well established they will bear bountifully without irrigation. If water is available, **irrigation should be practiced.** Heavy irrigation followed by cultivation three weeks before nuts begin to fall is highly desirable, to loosen nuts from burr.

Cost to Plant—60x60 ft. square method takes 12 trees. Triangle method, 14 trees per acre, which costs only \$7.00 to \$15.00 per acre for grafted trees.

CHESTNUT TREES—Grown From Select Seed

Caliper in Inches	Height	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3/4 to 1 inch	7 ft. and up	\$1.00	.95	
1 1/16 to 3/4 inch	6 ft. and up	.90	.85	.75
5/16 to 1 1/16 inch	5 ft. and up	.80	.75	.65
1/2 to 5/16 inch	4 ft. and up	.70	.65	.55
3/8 to 1/2 inch	3 ft. and up	.60	.55	.45
1/4 to 3/8 inch	2 ft. and up	.50	.45	.35

Five of different varieties at 10 rate. 30 at 100 rate.

French Marron—Seedlings of Quercy, one of the best of the large Marrons. Regular bearers of large, fine nuts. They do well under California conditions and are best for planting in Coastal counties.

Italian or Spanish—Seedlings of the European chestnut. While not so

large as the Marron type, they bear good quality nuts of fair size and do well under severe conditions.

Hybrid—These are from our Large American Sweet variety. Trees of this type are likely to produce fine new sorts. Most of them drop free from burrs and are of sweet taste.

THE BLIGHT-RESISTANT MOLLISSIMA

Seedling trees priced under Mollissima grafted description.

CHESTNUTS MAKE WONDERFUL SHADE TREES

Extra Large Well Branched Trees, 8 to 10 Feet High

\$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50 Each

Some of These Are in Bearing



COLOSSAL. Actual Size.



MAYSEPTJAN

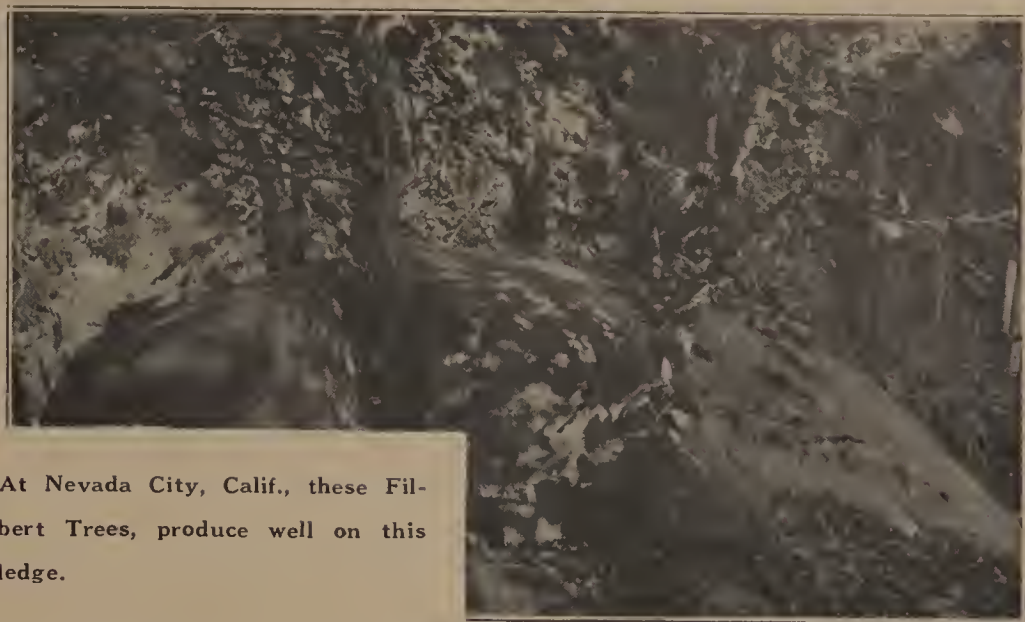
FILBERT OR HAZEL NUT

EASILY GROWN—EASILY SOLD

No Better Crop for Mountain Lands or Foothills—
Give Them Water, They'll Give You Nuts

Flowers of The Filbert

Upper, pistillate.
Lower, staminate.



At Nevada City, Calif., these Filbert Trees, produce well on this ledge.

Blooming habits of the Filbert are unlike fruit trees, in that after blooming the tree continues dormant. Until May, four months after blooming only are the nuts visible, being protected from killing frosts within the pistillate bud.



Filbert Varieties

Barcelona. The best commercial variety; introduced and named by Felix Gillet. Our plants are therefore genuine, being direct from the original mother tree. Its value for the grower of market nuts lies in its heavy yield, large size, good appearance, strong growth and disease resistance. The nuts are not retained in the husks. All drop to the ground over a period of three weeks during September. One inch broad by 3/4-inch thick. Round or nearly so, color brown, bright and handsome. Borne singly and in clusters of two to six. Will bear well in part shade.

***DuChilly.** Large, over 1 inch long by 3/4-inch broad, flattened. Excellent quality, good bearer. It pollinizes Barcelona and is pollinized by Barcelona, Nottingham and Daviana.

***Daviana.** Nut large, roundish oblong, excellent quality. One of the best pollinizers for Barcelona and DuChilly.

***White Aveline.** Medium size, fair bearer. Quality very high. Fine pollinizer.

Noce Lunghe. The largest of all. One inch long by 7/8-inch wide. Good quality, fair bearer. Said to be pollinized by Nottingham. Large 5 yr. bushy plants. \$2.00 each.

Purple Leaf Aveline. A beautiful ornamental variety. 75c to \$2.50 each.

***Nottingham.** Probably the best pollinator for Barcelona and DuChilly. Nuts are small but good flavor and tree bears regularly good crops. Trees of this variety are lighter grade than Barcelona. Prices on Nottingham are 15c higher than the list.

*These varieties will pollinize Barcelona and will be sold only in connection with Barcelona.

PLANTING AND CULTURE OF FILBERTS

METHODS OF POLLENIZING

(A) Plant solid to Barcelona. After third year top, graft one limb of each tree to Nottingham or White Aveline. Then put in grafts scattered through the planting of DuChilly, Daviana, White Aveline, Cosford; either several or all, to extent of ten assorted pollenizers per hundred of Barcelona. We will furnish grafting wood of these varieties.

(B) Use 11% assorted pollenizers scattered through the planting, as shown above, to every hundred Barcelona. Every third tree in every third row planted to a pollinator is 11%. This method cuts down the number of Barcelona trees per acre and yield will probably be less than by first plan.

(C) Is a combination of the two methods. Experience has shown, that it is best not to depend on any one pollenizer. Owing to the peculiar blooming habits of the filbert, a known good pollenizer will fail one year and act favorably the next. This is particularly true in some districts. Therefore, we advise the planting of several pollinating varieties in every commercial planting.

DISTANCE APART TO PLANT

On good soils, plant 20 to 25 feet apart. On poorer soil, 16 to 18 feet. Either square or triangular planting is satisfactory. For windbreaks or hedge-rows, 6 to 10 feet.

FOR GOOD GROWTH

Plant carefully with root-crown not over 3 inches below surface. Leave basin for irrigating.

FOR GOOD HEALTH

Mix one-half to one pound BONE MEAL with soil that goes about the roots. Later Apply 1/4 to 1/2 pound, according to size of tree, of Nitrate of Soda or Sulphate of Ammonia, in two applications. First, as buds are starting; second, 3 weeks later. Hoe in or scatter over root area.

FOR SAFETY

Shade stem of your tree with YUCCA TREE PROTECTORS (see page 16 for prices) or by two thin boards, V fashion, southwest side.

FOR GOOD CULTIVATION

Irrigate in basin directly over roots the first two years and cultivate regularly. Plant early in spring as possible. Plant cover crops suitable to your location. (See your County Agent about same.)

SOILS FOR FILBERTS

They will grow in most any soil, shallow or deep, as they are shallow rooted. Best results are obtained on soils that are not heavily acid, but a slight acidity is not harmful.

WHY TRANSPLANTED LAYER PLANTS ARE BEST

Perpetuation of a species by layers is a natural method. LAYER GROWTHS ARE TRUE TO VARIETY FROM ROOT TO TOP and if anything happens to the top the root-crown will soon replace the damage by new sprouts. Graftage practiced on seedlings subjects the graft to all the weaknesses of the root and the danger of worthless type sprouts from below the graft union. OUR ORIGINAL STRAIN OF TRANSPLANTED TIME-TESTED BARCELONA FROM LAYERS IS BEST FOR YOUR PLANTING.

PRICE LIST OF FILBERT TREES

Our trees are all propagated from the ORIGINAL BARCELONA MOTHER TREE WHICH STILL STANDS ON OUR GROUNDS. Our prices for these trees are very reasonable. When you make comparison, keep quality and not price in mind. YOU CANNOT GET BETTER TREES THAN OURS.

Caliper	Each	10	100
4 yr., 6 to 8 ft.,.....1 in. up.	Per each .....\$1.00	\$.90	
3 yr., 5 to 6 ft., Heavy 11/16 in. up	Per each ..... .75	.70	.60
3 yr., 4 to 5 ft.,..... 1/2 to 11/16 in.	Per each ..... .65	.60	.50
2 yr., 3 to 4 ft.,..... 7/16 to 1/2 in.	Per each ..... .55	.50	.40
2 yr., 2 to 3 ft.,..... 5/16 to 7/16 in.	Per each ..... .45	.40	.30
2 yr., 1 1/2 to 2 ft.,..... 3/4 to 5/16 in.	Per each ..... .35	.30	.20

5 Trees at 10 rate; 30 at 100 rate.

Above prices for Barcelona variety only. DuChilly and all pollinators except as noted 10c per tree higher. Nottingham, 15c per tree higher. All our trees are heavily rooted and graded by caliper, roots are what count. Bushy low-branched plants may be had in the 5 to 6 ft., 4 to 5 ft., 3 to 4 ft. sizes.

SPECIAL OFFER FOR TRIAL PLANTINGS

2-Yr. Trees	Transportation PREPAID to 4th Parcel Post Zone.	2-Yr. Trees
Offer No. 1.	18 Barcelona, 2 Pollenizers 1 1/2 to 2 ft.	\$6.35
Offer No. 2.	9 Barcelona, 1 Pollenizer 1 1/2 to 2 ft.	3.20
Offer No. 3.	4 Barcelona, 1 Pollenizer 3 to 4 ft.	2.70

Offers Nos. 1, 2 and 3 comprise trees, tree protector for each tree and planting directions. Postpaid to 4th zone.

No changes can be made in above offers.

California customers, please add sales tax.



2-YR. BARCELONA IN NURSERY (Arrows Show the Nuts)

DuCHILLY



BARCELONA



GILLET'S CONE BEARING EVER- GREENS 50 Kinds

—Group A— Group B—

Firs	Lawson Cypress
Pines	Arizona Cypress
Spruce	MacNab Cypress
Cedrus	Monterey Cypress
Libocedrus	Greek Juniper
Hemlock	Chinese Juniper
Larch	Sciadopitys
Sequoia	Japanese Yew

—Group C—

Italian Cypress
California Juniper
Irish Yew
Column Chi. Juniper
Thuya Bakers
Pyramid Arborvitae

—Group D—

Mugho Pine
Woodward A. vitae
Thuya Ellwangeria

—Group E—

Pfitzer Juniper
Savin Juniper
Armstrong Juniper

—Group F—

Andorra Juniper
Sargents Juniper
Sabina Tam. Juniper
Waukegan Juniper
Procumbens Juniper
Shore Juniper
Lawson Cypress nana



CONIFER GUIDE To Show General Form

CEDRUS

C. Atlantica Glauca. "Blue Mt. Atlas Cedar." The foliage is a beautiful silvery blue. One of the very finest conifers for an accent point in the landscape. Grafted plants, B.B., 4 to 5 ft., \$4.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$6.00.

C. deodara, DEODAR; "Indian Cedar." Magnificent tree, a picture of grace and beauty. Pyramidal in outline; lower limbs lie on the ground, upper ones droop gracefully. Foliage of young trees decidedly blue, not so much so when older. Excellent Living Christmas Tree, B.B., 5 to 6 ft., \$3.50.

C. libani. "Cedar of Lebanon." Vigorous growth; wide-spreading, horizontal branches; dark green foliage; massive and picturesque. Large specimens only boxed. Ask for prices.

CHAMAECYPARIS

Trees valuable for garden and park purposes, and in the dwarf sizes admirably adapted to porch and interior decorations. Habit varies from almost dwarfs to very large trees.

***C. Lawsoniana nana.** (R). Rare beautiful very dwarf variety. Branches fern-like, grows in wide mound. Best in part shade. A rich green in color. B.B., 8 to 12 inch, \$1.25; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.50 and \$1.75.

C. Nootkatensis glauca. (R). "Blue Nootka Cypress." 10 ft. Rare. Handsome dwarf tree, pyramidal shape, with blue foliage; branchlets with slightly pendulous tips. B.B. 12 to 18 inch, \$1.50; 18 to 24 inch, \$3.00; 24 to 30 inch, \$3.50; 30 to 36 inch, \$4.50.

***C. Lawsoniana Stewarti.** "Winter Golden Cypress." One of the most satisfactory golden varieties, retaining its golden color throughout the year. Of rather slow growth, with feathery graceful foliage. B.B. 2 to 2½ ft., \$2.75.

C. Obtusa nana. (R). A very dwarf form. Famous miniature Japanese Cypress. A plant of artistic elegance for house window box or rock garden. 2 to 4 ft., \$1.50 to \$3.00, according to form.

C. obtusa Crippsi. 6 ft. A beautiful and rare species of the Japanese Hinoki Cypress with graceful arching flattened, fern-like foliage, dark green, shading to bright gold at the tips. Of small size and prefers partial shade. B.B. 30 to 36 inch, \$2.00; 3 and 4 ft., \$2.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$3.00.

C. Squarrosa veitchi. "Silver Cypress." "Moss Retinispora" (R.) Of broad pyramidal habit, but may be pruned any shape. Silvery-blue, billowy masses of foliage make this desirable. Best in part shade. 12 to 18 inch, 85c.

CUPRESSUS. CYPRESS

Tall or medium sized trees, usually of rapid erect growth. They thrive in almost any good soil and are useful landscape material for quick or permanent effects. Cypress keep their form better with little or no irrigation.

C. Arizona. "Arizona Cypress." 40 ft. Beautiful bluish-green cypress of narrow, pyramidal form. Suitable to the hot dry sections of the interior. Gal. cans, 2 to 3 ft., 50c; B.B. 4 to 5 ft., \$2.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$2.75

CRYPTOMERIA. Plume Cypress

C. japonica elegans. "Plume Cypress." 12 ft. A low, dense, bushy tree with spreading branches, soft, wavy foliage, bright green changing to bronzy red in fall and winter, B.B., 12 to 18 inch, 50c; 18 to 24 inch, 75c.



JUNIPERS

The junipers comprise a splendid collection of small trees. The growth varies from upright to spreading and trailing habit. Unequalled by any other plant for rock work, garden formal effects when small size is necessary.

UPRIGHT GROWING JUNIPERS

J. Communis hibernica. "Irish Juniper." 8 ft., of upright narrow growth. Stands shearing well. Silvery green foliage. Fine for formal specimens. B.B., 4 to 5 ft., \$3.00.

***J. californica glauca.** "California Juniper." 8 ft. Handsome pyramidal tree of small to medium size. The juvenile foliage is a beautiful silvery bluish-green. Unaffected by heat, cold or drought. 12 to 18 inch, \$1.50; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75; 2 to 3 ft., \$2.00.

PROSTRATE JUNIPERS

Sizes determined by spread not height.

J. chinensis procumbens. "Trailing Chinese Juniper." Prostrate creeping variety. Blue green foliage, making a mat close to ground. Hardy. 8 to 12 inch, 35c; 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50.

J. communis depressa plumosa. "Andorra Juniper." New and exceptionally fine prostrate juniper. During spring and summer, bright green in color, changing in winter to purple-bronze of an exceedingly rich shade. B.B., 12 to 18 inch, 75c; 8 to 12 inch, 50c.

J. Horizontalis Douglassi. (R.) "Waukegan Juniper." A creeping sort of soft blue foliage, not over six inches high. Rare and distinct from any other sort. Grows slowly. B.B., 8 to 12 inch, 50c.

J. sabina tamariscifolia. A very fine creeping Juniper seldom more than one foot high and attaining a spread of 6 or 8 feet, making a dense, compact mat of gray-green foliage which never changes color. B.B., 24 to 30 inch, \$2.50.

J. conferta. "Shore Juniper." A new creeping Juniper from the seashore of Japan which makes a dense carpet of blue-green foliage about one foot high. B.B., 6 to 8 inch, 35c; 8 to 12 inch, 50c.

SEMI-PROSTRATE JUNIPERS

Sizes Indicate Spread and Not Height

Armstrong's Spreading Juniper. A new hybrid or sport, which is a fine new dwarf evergreen. It makes a dense mass of soft, grey-green foliage, about 2 feet high, and becoming about 5 feet across. Splendid for massing in the foreground of any planting. Thrives in sun or shade. 6 to 8 inch, 35c; 8 to 12 inch, 50c.

J. chinensis Pfitzeriana. "Pfitzers Juniper." 8 ft. One of the finest Junipers in cultivation. Has bushy widespread horizontal branches, and forms an immense flat irregular head of bluish-green foliage, graceful in outline. Hardy. 8 to 12 inch, 35c; 12 to 18 inch, 50c. Also a few large specimens, \$2.00 up.

LARIX

L. Leptolepis. "Japanese Larch." A tree you read about but seldom see. A most interesting cone bearer that sheds its leaves in fall, coming out in spring in feathery bright green. Very rapid grower. 12 to 15 inch, 50c.

L. European. Tall, handsome, deciduous conifer, with tapering trunk, drooping twigs and pyramidal head. Soft, feathery, delicate green foliage, particularly beautiful in early spring. B.B., 4 to 5 feet, \$3.00; 5 to 6 ft., \$3.75.

LIBOCEDRUS. Incense Cedar

***Decurrens.** Small specimens and full grown trees are beautiful. Glossy green foliage sheds dust. Forms a perfect cone. No more satisfactory evergreen for California conditions. Grows rapidly. B.B. 1½ to 2 ft., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 85c; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.75; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.75; 5 to 6 ft., \$4.00; 6 to 7 ft., \$5.00.

PINUS. PINE

P. excelsa. "Bhotan Pine." A graceful slow-growing tree with very long blue-green needles. This variety often trained to irregular shapes for rock gardens as branches are extremely flexible. B.B., 1½-2 ft., 75c; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.00.

***P. Lambertiana.** "Sugar Pine." For home grounds when afforded sufficient space. Leaves bluish green, clustered towards the ends of the branches; cones 15 to 20 inches long; seeds large and edible. B.B., 12 to 18 inch, 85c.

P. Monophylla. "Single Leaf Pine." Native of Nevada. A small growing type of compact habit and short stiff silvery needles. Seeds edible. B.B., 12 to 18 inch, 85c.

P. mughus. "Mugho Dwarf Pine." (R.) An excellent dwarf pine, globe shaped and erect branching. Very attractive, especially in spring when new growth resembles miniature candles. Specimen plants, 5 ft. diameter, \$15.00; smaller, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25.

P. pinea. "Stone Pine." 80 ft. Those who have traveled in Italy will remember this picturesque tree, which develops a broad umbrella shape when mature. The seeds are edible. B.B., 5 to 6 ft., \$5.00; 6 to 7 ft., \$7.50.

***P. Ponderosa.** "Western Yellow Pine." Stout, spreading branches, forming a narrow spire-like head. Leaves long, dark green. A fine pine for quick effect. B.B., 2 to 3 ft., \$1.75; 6 to 7 ft., \$7.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$2.00.

***P. Sabiniana.** "Gray Pine." "Digger Pine." Stands drought. Picturesque. Large, edible seeds. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, 85c; 12 to 18 inch, 75c.



INCENSE CEDAR

CLASSIFIED EVERGREEN GUIDE

BLUE FOLIAGE

Colorado Spruce Macnab Cypress
Colorado Douglas Spruce Blue Mt. Atlas Cedar
Lawson Cypress alumi California Juniper
Waukegan Juniper Sargents Juniper
Irish Juniper Nootka Cypress
Arizona Cypress

SHADY PLACES

Yews Podocarpus
Hemlock Thuyopsis
Lawson Cypress nana



PFITZERS JUNIPER

PODOCARPUS

P. Macrophylla. Rare Yew like plants with leaves one-third inch wide by three and one-half inches long. Has pretty berry. Fairly hardy. B.B., 2 to 2½ ft., \$2.25.

SEQUOIA

***S. Gigantea.** "Giant Sequoia." Big tree of the Sierras. A trim sturdy tree, with blue-green foliage, rapidly developing into perfect conical form. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00; 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50.

***S. Sempervirens.** "California Coast Redwood." Rapid growth, tapering pyramidal habit. Does well in all parts of California. Makes beautiful avenues or specimen tree. 2 to 3 ft., 75c. Potted 25c.

TAXUS. YEW

T. baccata fastigiata. "Irish Yew." Foliage dark-green. The whole plant appears like a deep green column. B.B., 15 to 18 inch, 75c; 18 to 24 inch, 85c; 24 to 30 inch, \$1; 30 to 36 inch, \$1.25.

T. cuspidata capitata. (Upright Japanese Yew)—8 ft. This variety has a distinct central leader, producing a symmetrical upright specimen with glossy deep green foliage. For tall evergreens in the shade they are unequalled. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, 85c; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.00.

T. brevifolia nuttali. "Western Yew." Beautiful spreading branches, rich dark green foliage. Its irregular growth, drooping branches and coral red berries makes a most interesting tree. Will grow in shade of large trees. Very rare in cultivation. 4 inch pots, 50c and 75c.



COLORADO DOUGLAS SPRUCE

MEDIUM GROWING

Irish Yew Greek Juniper
Japanese Yew Chinese Juniper
Thuyopsis All Thuyas
Retinospora Nootka Cypress
Irish Juniper Cryptomeria Elcans

LOW GROWING

Tanyosho Pine
Mugho Pine
Prostrate Junipers
Globe Arbor Vitae
Spreading Yews

TALL GROWING

Spruces Firs
Cypress Pines
Redwood Cedars
Hemlock

*Means native of California.

(R) Means suitable for Rock Gardens.

B.B. Means balled in burlap.

Unless otherwise specified all evergreens have ball of earth wrapped in burlap.

PICEA (Spruce)

P. Excelsa. "Norway Spruce." 30 ft. The quickest and most easily grown spruce. Adapts itself everywhere. Fine for Christmas tree on lawn or evergreen groups. B.B., 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$4.00 and up.

P. Koyamai. "Koyamai Spruce." 40 ft. Of narrow pyramidal and slow growth. Rare and beautiful conifer for Japanese gardens, the lawn or evergreen groups. B.B., 30 to 36 inch, \$2.75; 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$4.50.

P. Sitchensis. "Sitka Spruce." Bluish foliage. Slow and compact growth. A beauty. Rarely seen in cultivation. Develops its beauty with age. B.B., 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$4.50.



WESTERN YEW

Very desirable as low-clipped shrubs for part shade.

COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE

This gem of all Spruces grows slowly with compact branching, possessing a haughty character and is very effective as a lawn specimen due to its smaller type of growth. They can be furnished in silvery blue, medium blue and green, needled types, as follows, balled and burlap:

	1-1½ ft.	1½-2 ft.	2-2½ ft.	2½-3 ft.	3-3½ ft.
Silvery	\$3.25	\$4.00	\$5.00	\$6.00	\$7.00
Med. Blue	2.25	2.50	3.00	3.50	4.75
Green	1.75	2.25	2.75	3.25	4.50

P. Douglasi glauca (Pseudotsuga Taxifolia glauca) "Colorado Douglas Spruce." (Douglas-fir)—70 ft. A splendid type of evergreen for specimen plantings. Possesses character and charm through its shapeliness and blue-green foliage. Grows rapidly and not so particular as to soil conditions. Makes beautiful lawn Christmas tree for small homes, as it grows neat and compact. B.B., 30 to 36 inch, \$1.25; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50 to \$2.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$3.50; larger specimens, \$1.00 ft.

Where 10 ornamental trees or shrubs of one variety are ordered 10% reduction from list prices.

GILLET'S CONE BEARING EVER- GREENS 50 Kinds

THUYOPSIS

T. dolabrata. (R.) A Japanese Arborvitae of distinct form. Foliage dark green above with white lines beneath. Develops into handsome broad pyramidal tree in part shade. Also variegated form. Potted, 12 to 18 inch, 75c to \$1.75.

TORREYA . . . Nutmeg Tree

Californica. California Nutmeg. A rare native Evergreen, slowly attaining medium size, with narrow sharp-pointed lustrous leaves, 1½ inches long, with fruit like a large olive. Potted about 1 foot, \$1.50. Very ornamental.

THUYA. Arbor Vitae

A group of very useful, hardy evergreens, thriving in a wide variety of soils and exposures for formal and semi-formal use.

T. occidentalis, Ellwangeriana aurea. (R.) A very low creeping Arbo-vitae of copper-gold hue. Rare and unusual evergreen. Valuable for rockeries, 75c.

T. occidentalis lutea. Bright golden, pyramidal form. Hardy. B.B. 2½ to 3 ft., \$2.00.

T. occidentalis pyramidalis. "Pyramidal arbo-vitae." Fine specimens for formal effects owing to its columnar upright habit; foliage dark green and cedar-like. B.B., 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$4.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$5.50.

T. occidentalis Woodwardi. (R.) "Globe Arbor-vitae." A dwarf, dense, globular bush. Use to accent entrances, gateways, etc. 24x24 inch, \$2.50; 18x18, \$2.25.

T. orientalis aurea nana. (R.) "Berkmann's Dwarf Golden." Dwarf compact shrub; foliage bright permanent yellow. Fine as low accent plant and in tubs. B.B., 12 to 15 inch, \$1.25; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.50; 18 to 24, \$2.00.

TSUGA. Hemlock

T. canadensis. "Hemlock." (R.) Of rare grace and beauty. Does best in shade, away from hot winds. Grows slowly. Can be pruned to low forms. B.B., 4 to 5 ft., \$4.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$3.00; 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50.

*Means native of California. B & B means dug with earth ball, wrapped in burlap.



GILLET'S LEAFY EVER- GREENS

35 Kinds

ABELIA
A. grandiflora. (S.) 6 ft. Small glossy leaves. Flowers an inch long, white flushed pink. Blooms profusely all summer. Fine foundation plant, improved by shearing, 50c to \$1.00.

ARCTOSTAPHYLOS (Manzanita)
***A. glauca.** "Great Berried Manzanita." A Spanish name meaning little apple. Evergreen shrub with crooked branches; bark dark red; flowers white or pink in clusters; fruit berry like and brown in color, leaves silvery. For sunny situations. A striking acquisition to any garden if soil is acid. Gal. container, 35c, 50c, 75c.

AZALEA
These plants will glorify your garden. Many are loaded with flower buds. They are sensitive to lime, requiring marked soil acidity. This condition may be induced by application of Aluminum Sulphate, 5 pounds per 100 square feet sprinkled evenly over surface and lightly worked in. (15c per lb., 2 lbs., 25c; 10 lbs., 90c, not prepaid). Don't allow them to become over-dry. Plant in shade or part shade.

Hinodegiri. Evergreen. Brilliant scarlet. Flowers completely cover the plant. 6 to 8 inch, 75c.
Altaclare. Deciduous. 4 ft. Brilliant yellow. Large flowers. Foliage red in autumn. 8 to 12 inch, 85c; 12 to 15 inch, \$1.25.

Mollis. Deciduous. 5 ft. Orange, apricot, yellow shadings. Large flowers, 8 to 12 inch, 85c; 12 to 15 inch, with buds, \$1.75.

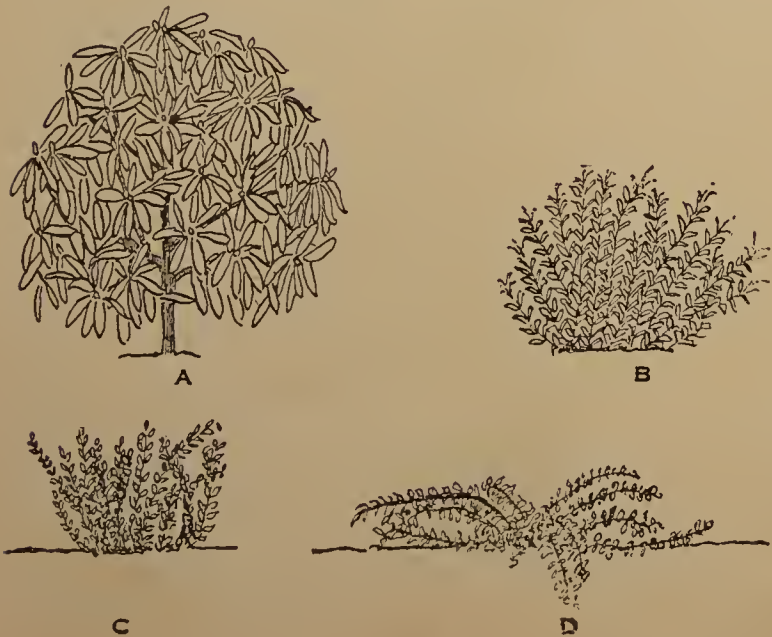
Macrantha. Double large salmon-red flowers. Evergreen glossy foliage. Late. An extra fine variety. Quite hardy. 6 to 8 inch, 85c.

BUXUS. Boxwood
This plant always gives an air of distinction to ones grounds. Useful for formal planting and as accent plants. Besides those listed we can furnish large specimens for fine estates. Write for prices and photographs.

Boxwood. Trimmed cones. 12 to 15 inch, \$1.25; 15 to 18 inch, \$2.00; 18 to 20 inch, \$2.25.

Gold Tip Boxwood. This variety is prettily flecked with golden hue on tips of fairly large leathery leaves. Is particularly effective in part shade. 12 to 15 inch, 75c; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.00; 18 to 20 inch, \$1.25; 20 to 24 inch, \$1.50; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.25.

USE THIS GUIDE IN SELECTING LEAFY EVERGREENS



AUCUBA
A. japonica. "Gold Dust Laurel." (S.) (R.) 6 ft. Leaves almost covered with yellow dots. Excellent for tub culture or planting in shade. 4 in. pots, 25c, 35c; larger plants, to \$1.50.
CEANOTHUS
***C. prostratus.** (R.) "Indian Carpet." Entirely prostrate and evergreen. Small glossy, leathery leaves completely cover the ground. Stands tramping, drought and severe cold. Flowers violet blue. Will run over rocks and hang gracefully from walls. Rooted divisions, \$7.50 per 100.

CISTUS. Rock Rose
Low-growing (3 ft.) shrubs with profusion of showy flowers. Owing to their dwarf habits they are desirable for the small garden and as low border plants. Give full sun. Stands considerable drought.
C. ladaniferus maculatus. "Spotted Rock Rose." Most beautiful of the whole family. Shrub to three feet. Flowers large, single, white, with dark crimson dots at base of petals. Gal. cans, 50c.

C. Purpureus. 4 ft. Covered in spring and summer with large, rich, reddish-lilac single flowers, with maroon spot at the base of petals. Extremely showy and desirable. Potted, 50c, 35c.

DAPHNE
Daphne odora variegata. A real shrub aristocrat, with deep green glossy leaves margined with cream, bearing exquisite sweet pink flowers in late winter and spring. Best in part shade. Balled, 12 to 18 inch, \$1.50; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75, \$2.00.
See Daphne on Page 10 also.

ERICA. HEATHER. HEATH
E. vulgaris rubra. (R.) 1 to 2 ft. Red flowers in profusion in late summer and fall. 75c, B.B., \$1.00.

EUONYMUS. Evergreen Euonymus
Admirably useful and attractive when used in groups, edgings, hedges, corner plantings and in rockeries.

E. japonica, albo marginata. "Silvermargined." (S.) 5 ft. Leaves have a very narrow margin of silvery white. Growth slow and compact. Entirely distinct. Potted, 35c, 50c.

E. japonica aurea variegata. "Golden Variegated." (S.) Branches green; leaves yellow in center, dark green around edges, color about equally divided. Often sends out branches with green leaves. 35c up.

E. Patens (Evergreen Wahoo). 5 ft. Hardy shrub. Green stems, very dark green leaves. Wealth of red fruits that break open like Bittersweet, showing a beautiful coral seed and pod, makes it very striking. It does well in shade and makes a good foundation plant, 12 to 18 inch, 50c; 18 to 24 inch, 75c.

E. Pulchellis. (E. Microphylla) (R.) Very dwarf. Tiny leaves. Makes good edging or single specimen. 4 inch pots, 25c to 40c; specimens, 75c and \$1.00. For low edging, 6 to 8 inch, \$10.00 per 100. Variegated silver leaves, potted, 50c to \$1.00.

FREMONTIA
F. mexicana. A small native tree, producing large yellow blossoms in late spring. Very showy and comparatively rare. Gal. cans, 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

3 Peony Special \$1

Red and Pink. Extra fine roots. 6 for \$1.95; 12 for \$3.75. Postpaid 4th zone.

Group A
Manzanita
Aucuba
Buddleia
Camellia
Daphne
Fatsia
Gardenia
Laurel
Magnolia
Oleander
Osmanthus
Rhododendron
Umbellularia

Group B
Abelia
Azalea altaclare
Azalea Mollis
Azalea occidentalis
Cistus
Euonymous
Genista
Lonicera pileata
Upright Cotoneasters
Rhamnus
Viburnum

Group C
Evergreen Azalea
Erica

Group D
Ceanothus prostrate
Prostrate Cotoneasters

HOW WE PREPAY CHARGES

WITHIN 4th PARCEL POST ZONE

Many plants through the catalog are priced PREPAID, when not so marked and plant order amounts to \$10.00 or more, transportation will be PREPAID to your nearest Freight, Railway Express, or Parcel Post destination. (Route at our discretion.) Foregoing does not apply to Fruit and Nut Trees. All other plants of mailable size may be had by P. P. within 4th Zone, by adding 15c per plant. Any excess payment will be refunded on extra value in plants sent. Unless pruned back, trees 4 to 6 ft. and larger, not mailable.

THIS LIST WILL AID IN MAKING SELECTIONS

Figures Show Ultimate Heights, in Some Cases Taking Many Years

(Index on Last Page Shows Page for Description)

PLANTS THAT TOLERATE SOME SHADE

Deciduous
Beech—40 ft.
Cercis—6 to 20 ft.
Cornus, All—8 to 15 ft.
Filbert—8 to 20 ft.
Halesia—12 to 15 ft.
Hawthorn—12 to 15 ft.
Honeysuckle—8 to 10 ft.
Ilex—6 to 8 ft.
Mt. Ash—25 to 30 ft.
Rhamnus—5 to 10 ft.
Rhodotypos—4 to 5 ft.
California Coffee—5 to 10 ft.
Snowball—8 to 10 ft.
Snowberry—4 to 5 ft.

Evergreen
Aucuba—4 to 6 ft.
Azalea—3 to 4 ft.
Boxwood—2 to 12 ft.
Camellia—10 ft.
Cotoneaster microphylla—4 ft.
Daphne—1 to 4 ft.
Euonymous, All—4 to 10 ft.
English Laurel—5 to 20 ft.
Fatsia—2 to 4 ft.
Ilex, Holly—4 to 20 ft.
Kalmia—5 to 7 ft.
Laurel—5 to 20 ft.
Laurustinus—4 to 8 ft.
Mahonias—2 to 4 ft.
Pachysandra—6 to 12 in.
Pyracantha Crenulata—4 to 10 ft.
Rhododendron—3 to 8 ft.
Viburnum—4 to 8 ft.
Yew—5 to 20 ft.

FLOWERING TREES

Albizzia—30 to 50 ft.
Catalpa
Cercis—8 to 12 ft.
Crab Apple—12 to 18 ft.
Crepe Myrtle—15 ft.
Dogwoods—10 to 15 ft.
Hawthorn—12 to 15 ft.
Horse Chestnut—25 ft.
Jap. Cherries—5 to 12 ft.
Koelreutia—30 ft.
Laburnum—20 ft.
Locust—30 to 50 ft.
Liriodendron—60 ft.
Magnolias—8 to 30 ft.
Prunus triloba—12 ft.
Peach—12 to 15 ft.

Plants That Have Variegated Leaves

Used as accent plants and to give life and color to border and foundation plantings.

Arborvitae, Golden
Aucuba
Boxwood
Chestnut
Daphne
Deeringea
Eleagnus

Euonymous
Holly
Honeysuckle
Ivy
Juniper
Laurustinus
Myrtle

Periwinkle
Privet
Pittosporum
Thuyopsis
Virginia Creeper
Weigela
Yew, Golden

BERRY EFFECTS

Deciduous

Barberry—2 to 6 ft.
Bittersweet—Climbing
Dogwoods—4 to 15 ft.
Eleagnus longipes—6 ft.
Euonymous—4 to 10 ft.
Hawthorn—12 to 15 ft.
Honeysuckle—8 to 10 ft.
Ilex—6 to 8 ft.
Mt. Ash—25 to 30 ft.
Rhamnus—5 to 10 ft.
Rhodotypos—4 to 5 ft.
Snowberry—4 to 5 ft.

Evergreen
Arbutus unedo—10 ft.
Arbutus menzies—50 ft.
Berberis—4 to 5 ft.
Cotoneaster, All
Eleagnus—6 ft.
Euonymous, All
Ilex, Holly—4 to 20 ft.
Lonicera, All
Mahonia—4 to 6 ft.
Nandina—4 ft.
Photinia—8 to 10 ft.
Pyracantha, All
Rhamnus—4 to 6 ft.
Stransuesia—8 ft.

FOR BRILLIANT FALL FOLIAGE

Trees
Sugar Maple
Liquidambar
Pistachia
Oak—Red Pin
Sorbus Aucuparia
Medlar

Shrubs
Berberis, All
Calif. Red Bud—10 ft.
Cotoneasters
Dogwoods
Euonymous Alatus—5 ft.
Mahonia—5 ft.
Myrtle "Crepe"—4 to 12 ft.
Nandina—4 ft.
Plumbago, Larpente—1 ft.
Snowball—8 ft.
Spireas—4 ft.

DROUGHT RESISTANT PLANTS

Deciduous
Albizzia—30 to 50 ft.
Buddleia—6 to 15 ft.
Box Elder—60 ft.
Chestnut—30 to 50 ft.
Grapes
Hackberry—30 ft.
Hawthorn—12 to 15 ft.
Locust
Lombardy Poplar
Rhamnus—5 to 10 ft.
Redbud—6 to 20 ft.
Snowberry—4 to 5 ft.
Spireas—4 to 6 ft.

Evergreen
Acacia—30 to 60 ft.
Boxwood—2 to 12 ft.
Cistus—4 ft.
Cytisus, All
Cypress, McNab—20 ft.
Cypress—Monterey—30 ft.
Cypress—Italian
Cedar, Incense—75 ft.
Dracena—10 ft.
Junipers—2 to 20 ft.
Laurel, Eng.—15 to 20 ft.
Manzanita—5 to 15 ft.
Mahonia—4 to 6 ft.
Oleander—8 ft.
Photinia—8 to 10 ft.
Pyracantha, All—
Pampas Grass—6 ft.
Pines—Most All.
Romneya—6 ft.
Scotch Broom—7 ft.
Viburnum

FOR WET PLACES

Scarlet Maple—50 ft.
Ilex Vertic—6 to 8 ft.
Liquidambar—50 ft.
Willows

TREES FOR QUICK SHADE

Box Elder
Catalpa
Hackberry
Locust
Plane
Poplar
Silver Maple
Willow
Chinese Elm

Purple Leaf Trees and Shrubs

Barberry—3 to 4 ft.
Beech—40 ft.
Birch—20 ft.
Filbert—10 ft.

Maple Schwedler—40 ft.
Maple Japanese—6 to 12 ft.
Prunus Pissardi—15 ft.
Prunus Triloba—8 ft.
Prunus Bliiriana—15 ft.

GENISTA and CYTISUS

A fast growing group of shrubs which brighten up landscape with their brilliant masses of yellow pea-shaped flowers; valuable as a contrast to solid green shrubbery; unusually hardy and drought resistant. All require full sun.

G. hispanica. (Spartium junceum.) (S). "Spanish Broom." 8 ft. A strong, fast-growing shrub, bright green branches almost devoid of leaves. Bears almost continuously, large pea-like bright yellow flowers very sweetly scented. Hardy, heat-loving and drouth resistant. 4-inch pots, 35c, 50c.

C. scoparius. "Scotch Broom." (S.) 6 ft. A very fast growing, erect, bushy shrub with minute leaves and large, yellow, pea-shaped flowers, borne in great profusion in the spring. Hardy, 4 to 5 ft., 75c; B.B., 3 to 4 ft., 50c; \$4.00 per 10; 2 to 3 ft., 40c; \$3.50 per 10. 8 to 12 inch, for hedges, \$5.00 per 100.

G. monspessulanus. New. Hardy kind with clouds of small bright yellow flowers in spring. Foliage small. Small plants, 15c; for low hedges, \$7.00 per 100.

G. Stanford. 6 ft. Fairly hardy. A Sidney Mitchell introduction. An erect upright grower with rigid branches, bearing a profusion of large flowers of orange-red flushed with yellow and bronze. Small plants, 35c.

LAUREL

Prunus laurocerasus latifolia. "English Laurel." "Cherry Laurel." (S.) 15 ft. Small tree or large bush. Very large, glossy, evergreen foliage, beautiful both summer and winter. For sun or shade, B.B., 2 to 3 ft., \$1.75; 3 to 4 ft., \$2.25.

P. lusitanica. "Portugal Laurel." (S.) 20 ft. Somber, very dark green leaves. Growth compact. Flowers white. One of the handsomest evergreen shrubs for tub culture. Stands heavy shade. Specimens trimmed, \$2.00 to \$4.00.

L. nobilis. "Grecian Bay or Laurel." 8 ft. The well-known Bay Tree so often trained as globes and pyramids for outdoor or indoor tub plants. Stiff, dark green leaves. A fine shrub for shade. From this plant Ancient Greeks crowned their heroes with Laurel. 18 to 24 inch, 85c and \$1.00.

LONICERA. Honeysuckle

L. pileata. (R.) (S). 3 ft. Compact shrub; with many very small leaves; graceful drooping habit. Likes the sun but does well in part shade. Prune often. A "best seller," doing well in any position, potted, 25c to 50c; field grown, 75c to \$1.50.

MAGNOLIA

M. grandiflora, lanceolata. 30 ft. (T.) This one is hardy and will stand snow. Large glossy leaves, flowers 6 inches across. Heavy field grown, B.B., 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$3.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$4.00; 5 to 6 ft., \$5.00; 6 to 7 ft., \$6.00.

See Page 11 for Chinese Magnolia.

RHAMNUS

***R. Crocea ilicifolia.** (S.) 6 ft. Small roundish holly like leaves of deep glossy green. In Fall is a mass of small bright red berries. Ideal for hillsides and canyons, as the foliage retains its bright glossy appearance through the driest summers. Balled, 2 to 3 ft., 85c; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.75.

VIBURNUM

V. tinus. "Laurustinus." Well known, universally grown, hardy everywhere on this Coast. Splendid winter bloomer, clusters of pinkish white flowers, beginning in December or January, cover the plant all spring, for 5 or 6 months. Potted 25c to 75c. Bushy field-grown trimmed specimens, 2½x2½ ft. and 3x3 ft., \$3.50 to \$5.00.



GILLET'S LEAFY EVER- GREENS

35 Kinds



BORDER OF RHODODENDRONS

RHODODENDRONS

These popular shrubs must have an acid soil, partial shade and no spading around the plant. Mulch with peat or leaf mold. If your soil is not acid, see directions under Azalea. Page 8.

We offer only the finest grafted stock and can supply all the best and most popular varieties in Red, Pink and Lavender with numerous flower buds. Size of plants about 15 to 18 inches wide by 18 to 24 inches tall at \$4.50, \$4.75 and \$5.00.

CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS PLEASE ADD

3% SALES TAX

*Means native of California.

(R) Means suitable for Rock Gardens.

(S) Means Shrub.

Gillet's Flowering Shrubs ROSES-PRIVET

ALMOND

Pink flowering. 4 to 8 ft. The beauty of this shrub in the spring is not soon forgotten. Flowers are double and cover the branches. 18 to 24 inch, 60c.

ALTHEA. Rose of Sharon

10 ft. The brightest and most free blooming shrub in the garden during July, August, September. Large showy flowers, which are developed by heavy pruning during winter.

Single Violet, Single Ruby Red. Double Rose. Bushy plants, 18 to 24 inch, 60c; 2 to 2½ ft., 70c; 2½ to 3 ft., 80c. Double Rose, 4 to 5 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.50; tree form 7 ft., 4 ft. stems, \$3.75.

BUDDLEIA

B. Ile de France. New, large fragrant flowers of brilliant rosy purple, tinted with violet. A vastly improved Buddleia. Potted 35c, 50c.

B. Alternifolia. 6 ft. New. Arching, pendulous branches densely covered with bright lilac-purple, fragrant flowers; aptly described as "A sheer waterfall of purple." Do not prune back each year like other Buddleias. Potted, 35c.

CALYCANTHUS. Sweet Shrub

Calycanthus Floridus. "Sweet Shrub." 8 ft. Foliage dark green, flowers dark red. Fragrant flowers and leaves, free blooming. Has artistic and interesting seed-pods. 1 ft., 25c; 18 to 24 inch, 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

CORYLUS. Filbert

Filbert, purple leaved. 10 ft. Large round leaves, intensely dark, bronzy purple in spring, becoming greenish toward fall. Very distinct even among other purple-leaved shrubs. For sun or shade. Bears fine nuts. 1½ to 2 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00.

Corylus Avellana. 10 ft. The common hazelnut (filbert). A very ornamental shrub with the nuts as an added value. Bushy plants 4 to 6 ft. in bearing, \$1.00.

CYDONIA. Flowering Quince.

Cydonia japonica sanguinea. "Red Flowering Quince." Very showy plant early in spring, covered with bright, semi-double, rosy red flowers, which appear just as the leaves begin to show. Attractive glossy foliage the rest of the summer. Cutting grown, not seedlings. 18 to 24 inch, 60c. Same with salmon flowers, 18 to 24 inch, 60c.

DEUTZIA

Free blooming shrubs. Bell shaped flowers, spring and early summer. Should be more widely planted in California for their gorgeous color effects in the garden and shrubbery. Strong blooming size plants.

D. Gracilis. 3 ft. (R.) One of our daintiest and most graceful flowering shrubs. Branches slender and arching, with profusion of small, beautifully formed flowers. 18 to 24 inch, 75c.

D. Pride of Rochester. 8 ft. In May this shrub will be the pride of your garden with double white bell-shaped flowers with reddish outer petals in utmost profusion. 18 to 24 inch, 35c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c.

DAPHNE

Daphne Mesereum. 4 ft. A rare shrub with fragrant lilac purple flowers along the stems long before leaves appear. 12 to 18 inch, \$1.00; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.25.



FORSYTHIA. Golden Bell

Splendid shrubs, 6 to 8 ft., light up the garden with glinting masses of yellow very early in spring before the leaves appear. Make bright-hued fillers for massed shrub groups.

Intermedia (Arching). Short leaved, earliest blooming, broadest bushing; the long canes drooping so as to make a solid bank of brilliant green foliage. The best general purpose type. 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c; 4 to 6 ft., 85c.

Spectabilis (Showy Goldenbells). A form of intermedia similar in character, but with the largest flowers—often with five or six petals—crowded, and borne in the greatest profusion. 3 to 4 ft., 75c.

GOLDEN CHAIN

Laburnum vulgare. 20 ft. Beautiful small tree or shrub, quick growth. Leaves soft, gray green. Flowers fragrant, bright yellow in long drooping racemes, suggestive of yellow Wisterias. 6 to 7 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., 85c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c.

KERRIA

K. Japonica. "Japanese Rose." Erect shrub, slender green branches. Double flowers, clear yellow, like small rose. 3 to 4 ft., 85c. Best in part shade.

K. Japonica. "Single Variegated." 6 ft. same as above, except has single yellow blooms and foliage is variegated with white markings. 40c to 75c.

LONICERA. Honeysuckle.

Honeysuckle Bush. Has bright red flowers and showy red berries that last through the fall. Make desirable bulky screening, and the nucleus of tall shrub groups. 18 to 24 inch, 40c.

CHINESE MAGNOLIA

Also known as "Saucer Magnolia", "Tulip Magnolia", "Japanese Magnolia". All are hardy.

M. liliflora Nigra. 10 ft. One of the finest of the Asiatic deciduous magnolias, producing its beautiful blooms in the spring before the leaves are fully out. The big, lily-shaped flowers are dark lavender inside, deep purple outside. Rare and desirable. Tree form 3 to 4 ft., \$4.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$5.00.

BUSH ROSES

YELLOW AND ORANGE

Golden Emblem. The lovely long buds of golden yellow are beautifully tinted with crimson on the outer petals. Opens to a full golden yellow flower. The glossy green foliage is particularly fine, does not mildew, and the buds are borne on long stiff stems.

Mrs. Erskine P. Thom. This is the most valuable yellow rose for the garden. The nicely shaped buds and well shaped open flowers are bright canary-yellow without other shadings, the strong growing, vigorous bush is lavish with the blooms. We know of no other yellow rose that we would prefer to recommend ahead of it.

Mrs. Pierre S. Dupont. Everyone likes it for its cheerful profusion of bloom. Is extremely easy to grow, the dark green, glossy foliage being almost immune to mildew. Color is dark orange-yellow. Buds small but beautifully formed.

PINK WITH COPPER SHADES

Hinrich Gaede. Without doubt one of the best roses introduced in recent years. Rosy copper with brilliant orange tones which hold until the last petal drops. Buds extra large, of good form, borne singly on long strong stems. Blooms freely and the dark glistening foliage is very resistant to mildew. You cannot pass this rose without exclaiming over its unusual beauty. 75c each.

President Herbert Hoover. The fame of this wonderful multi-colored rose has swept the country and certainly no rose planting would be complete without it. Combines shades of cerise-pink, flame, scarlet, and yellow, the long buds being beautifully formed, opening slowly and possessing a most delicious fragrance.

Talisman. A vividly colored rose justifies all of the fine things that have been said about it. The brilliant coloring is a mixture of orange-scarlet and golden yellow in irregular proportions. Very double, exquisitely shaped, borne on long stems, exceedingly sweet scented.

BABY ROSES

EVER-BLOOMING BABY ROSES

Adopt One of These Lovable Babies

Chatillon. ♦The best bright pink baby rose. The flowers are semi-double, borne in gigantic clusters, offering a magnificent flower show. 18 inches.

Gloria Mundi. The little double flowers, like baby pompon chrysanthemums, have the brightest and most striking color in the Baby Roses—brilliant, luminous, orange-scarlet—borne in great clusters which almost cover the plant. 24 inches.

Miss Edith Cavell. Small semi-double flowers of brilliant scarlet-red, shaded crimson. The color does not fade in hot weather. 18 inches.

Flowering

CREPE MYRTLE

Crepe Myrtle. 15 ft. Should have a place in every garden. Leaves are bright green, turning a bright red in fall; flowers produced in utmost profusion at ends of branches during late Summer and Fall. Plant in full sun. Prune half the new growth each winter. Prune to shrub or small tree. Pink, Lavender, Red. Balled, 2 to 3 ft., 85c; 18 to 24 inch, 75c; 5 gals. 3 to 4 ft., \$2.25.

JAPANESE MAPLE

ACER palmatum. Japanese Maple. 12 to 15 ft. Handsome shrub or small tree, with beautiful green foliage splashed with bright golden and scarlet in the spring, changing to green in the summer and the autumn to brilliant colors. Best in part shade. 2 to 3 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 85c; 5 to 6 ft., \$2.00.

Acer Palmatum atropurpureum. 8 ft. (R.) (S.) "Bloodleaf Japanese Maple." One of the very finest of the Japanese Maples, its rich purple red foliage is a great attraction to every garden. 15 to 18 inch, \$1.75; 18 to 24 inch, \$2.00.

A. dissectum atropurpureum. (R.) (S.) "Dwarf Red Cut Leaf Japanese Maple." An elegant dwarfish tree with blood-red fern like leaves. Branches droop gracefully. Sizes show spread of branches. 12 to 18 inch, \$2.00. 18 to 24 inch, \$2.50; 24 to 30 inch, \$3.00 to \$4.00.

PHILADELPHUS. Mock Orange

P. virginial. 8 ft. "Syringa erroneously." A splendid new sort with clusters of pearly, double white flowers two inches across; very fragrant and a profuse bloomer. 2 to 3 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 85c.

P. Single White. Profuse of bloom and as fragrant as orange blossoms. 2 to 3 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 85c.

PUNICA. Pomegranate

Double Red. Rapid-growing shrub with double scarlet flowers; does not produce fruit. Blooms from June to October. Bare root, 4 to 5 ft., \$1.00; 2 to 3 ft., 50c.

ROSES

No. 1½—Two-Year-Old Field Grown

Postpaid to Fourth Zone

40c Ea.; 6 for \$2.25; 12 for \$4.00

(Except as Noted)

BUSH ROSES

REDS

Cuba. This dazzling rose somewhat resembles Padre, but its brilliant long orange-scarlet buds are deeper in color with heavier stems. A semi-single rose, tall in growth, producing a continuous succession of richly colored blooms.

E. G. Hill. Immense flowers of lasting, dazzling scarlet, never fading or turning blue, but actually becoming deeper red as it opens. Borne on long stems, and are deliciously fragrant. There are few red roses which will rival E. G. Hill, for it is truly a magnificent rose.

Etoile de Hollande. This magnificent red rose is ranked among the first three of its color by everyone who knows roses, and many will place it first. Perfect buds are medium size, opening beautifully and cleanly into glorious flowers with incomparable fragrance. Bush is strong, free branching, healthy. Actually has no serious fault.

Margaret McGredy. A brilliantly colored masterpiece, of glorious orange scarlet or brick red. Rather a short stout bud opening to a large, full, magnificent flower. No lanky leafless stems here, but a beautiful, heavily foliated, well-branched bush.

Night. One of the darkest of all Roses, deep crimson shaded black and maroon. Buds and flowers well shaped, quite double, has spicy clove and cinnamon fragrance. We consider this to be the best of the deep dark reds, much better than the over-publicized Nigrette. 50c each.

Padre. H. T. Fine long petals of coppery scarlet flushed with yellow at the base—a most novel and attractive coloring. An exceedingly free-flowering sort; strong, upright grower.

Red Radiance. Similar in growth to Pink Radiance, but has big, bold cerise-red flowers which are borne on long heavy stems. Most sweetly damask scented.

SHRUBS

SPIREA-BRIDAL WREATH

Shrubs of free blooming habit varying in appearance, color of flowers and manner of blooming. All have very small flowers in compact clusters of different forms. Do well in any good garden soil. The varieties Reeves, Prunifolia and Van Houttei are all called Bridal Wreath.

S. thunbergi. Thunberg Spirea. 4 ft. Feathery, light green foliage; flowers white, very profuse in early May. An exceptionally good shrub to use in small groups or as a group about foundations. Potted, 25c and 35c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 85c.

S. bumalda. (R.) "Walluffi." Dwarf, erect form, growing three feet high. Flowers bright crimson, in flattened heads at end of branches. Blooms all summer. Very desirable. 18 to 24 inch, 75c.

S. cantoniensis reevesiana. 6 ft. Medium-sized shrub with long narrow leaves. Flowers pure white, large, borne most profusely in dense heads. Practically evergreen. 4 to 5 ft., 85c. Same but with **Double Flowers** and evergreen foliage. Gal. cans, 35c; 2 to 3 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 85c.

***S. Douglassi.** 6 ft. Deep pink. July to frost. Terminal of each branch crowned with flower spike six inches long. Beautiful. 35c to 75c.

S. prunifolia flore pleno. "True Bridal Wreath." Small shrub with long, very slender branches. Flowers very double and pure white, borne along the branches before the leaves appear. This is the genuine "Bridal Wreath." 2 to 3 ft., 75c; 18 to 24 inch, 50c.

S. Arguta "Snow Garland." Billowy masses of tiny white flowers in early Spring. 3 to 4 ft., heavily bushed, 90c.

S. van houttei. 4 ft. A handsome pendulous bush. Flowers pure white. Fine for grouping and shrubbery borders. Bare root, 18 to 24 inch, 40c.

*Means Native of California.

SYRINGA. Lilac

Purple and White. The old favorite, always a delight, 18 to 24 inch, 35c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c each; 3 to 4 ft., 75c.

VIBURNUM. Snowball, Etc.

Both the common Snowball and the more refined Japanese should be in every garden for their showy blooms and rich colored foliage in fall. Hardy.

V. Sterilis. "Snowball." The common Snowball making large showy shrub. Large plants. 50c to 75c.

V. carlesi. 4 ft. A pretty little shrub with gray-green leaves. Buds are rosy-pink and open blooms are creamy-white in small clusters. The perfume is most remarkably pleasing and somewhat like that of a gardenia. Bare root, 15 to 18 inch, \$1.25.

V. Plicatum. "Japanese Snowball." A more refined plant than common kind. Leaves plaited, flower heads very compact. 18 to 24 in., 40c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c.

VITEX

V. agnus-castus. "Lilac Chaste Tree." 8 ft. Shrub with fern-like foliage. Flowers light blue in dense 8-inch spikes from terminal shoots. 2 to 3 ft., 90c.

V. Macrophylla. 10 ft. Grey-green star-shaped leaves. Rich blue flowers, August and September, from new terminal growth. Very fine shrub when pruned each spring. 18 to 24 inch, 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 85c; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00.

WEIGELA. Diervilla

5 to 8 ft. Trumpet-shaped flowers in profusion that is almost unequalled. Their striking foliage contrasts finely with other shrubs; for borders they are very effective. Prune after flowering in the summer.

Eva Rathke. Deep red, low growth. 12 to 18 inch, 50c.

Rosea. One of the prettiest; deep pink. 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

Variegated Leaf. A good variegated shrub with light pink flowers. 4 inch pots, 35c.

*Means native of California.

(R) Means suitable for Rock Gardens.

ROSES

No. 1½—Two-Year-Old Field Grown

Postpaid to Fourth Zone

40c Ea.; 6 for \$2.25; 12 for \$4.00

(Except as Noted)

BUSH ROSES

PINK SHADES

Impress. A variety that is quite out-of-the-ordinary because of the large size and full petalage of the flowers, which gives the shape and appearance of a lovely large camellia. The buds are orange-red, and the flowers open to a lovely rich salmon with a golden sheen.

J. Otto Thilow. A rich glowing rose-pink flower, with long-pointed buds opening out into a beautiful, large, double, high-centered flower with just about the most perfect form of any pink rose.

Lulu. Great quantities of dainty, extremely long and slender buds of coral-apricot, with which the bush is covered at all times. Petals of buds flare gracefully at end. Most exquisitely formed in the bud stage is Lulu.

Mrs. Sam McGredy. An Irish lady with a wonderful complexion. You will greatly admire the flowers, of a beautiful copper-orange color, heavily flushed with Lincoln-red on the outside. There is no other color in roses like it. Buds long-pointed, high-centered, and double, of moderate fragrance. Growth low and spreading. 50c each.

Shot Silk. General color effect is a delicate salmon-rose, but with underlying shades of cerise and yellow. Quite fragrant, and the unique coloring makes it much worth while. Bush low and branching, with beautiful cedar-green foliage.

The World's Smallest Rose!

ROSA ROULETTI

A dwarf mature-blooming plant easily covered by a teacup; Double pink blossoms no larger than a dime; Everblooming, fragrant, hardy; ideal for house, gift, or rock-garden. A joy to the shut-in. Blooming size, 50c, postpaid. (Plus 3c tax in California.)

CLIMBING ROSES

A climbing rose will produce as many flowers as a dozen bush roses. Most varieties will not flower the first year, but practically all sorts will yield a wealth of bloom the second year. They may be trained against walls or fences and many of the vigorous growers will climb quickly into the branches of tall trees.

WHITE

Mermaid. Exquisitely beautiful single flowers of great size, pure ivory white with lemon center. Blooms throughout the season at tips of new growth and while it may climb, it does best as an unpruned rambling shrub. The beauty of its flowers will fascinate you. 75c.

YELLOW

Cl. President Herbert Hoover. Beautifully formed, large blossoms and very fragrant. A charming combination of cerise-pink, flame, scarlet, and yellow, with broad, thick petals, retained for days after the flowers have fully opened. The foliage is clean and handsome.

Marechal Neil. Long a favorite climber, this superb old lemon yellow variety with its large globular, highly perfumed blooms, still remains deservedly popular. Best in shade. 50c each; 3 yr., 75c.

PINK

Belle of Portugal. Extremely large flowers, of delicate soft pink, tinged with salmon. The well-shaped buds are often 3 inches long. Because of its strong growth it blooms very little for a year or two, but thereafter is very floriferous.

Mme. Gregoire Staechelin. A remarkable climbing rose, for covering the largest spaces, producing an abundance of glorious carmine-pink blooms, coming three to five on a stem, opening one after the other. Buds long-pointed, and form a large, semi-double cup, radiating a delightful fragrance.

RED

Cl. Hadley. A vigorous climber with deep crimson, fragrant blooms produced all through the summer.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. An intense vivid scarlet, semi-double, very freely produced in clusters of 3 to 20 blooms on long much branched canes, the plant being a mass of color from top to bottom. The flowers do not fade and there is nothing to compare with it for striking effect.

Gillet's Flowering Shrubs ROSES-PRIVET

PRIVET

Don't overlook the fine privets as specimen shrubs. Their showy bloom is like the Common Lilac, followed by dark blue berries. Use them freely in shrub groups, as formal trimmed specimens and accent plants, beside entrances, etc.

EVERGREEN PRIVETS

L. coriacum. (Dwarf Privet) 6 ft. Slow-growing type with thick, waxy foliage; creamy-white flowers and numerous blue berries. Has more character than other privets. Best in shade except near the Coast. Gal. cans, 60c each. B.B., 18 to 24 inch, sheared, \$1.25.

L. Ionandrum. 5 ft. A fine privet introduced recently. Evergreen leaves the size of Boxwood. Growth spreading and dense when well trimmed, making quick hedge of fine character. White bloom, followed by blue berries. Splendid for single specimen. Globe shaped, well trimmed plants, 18x18 inch, \$1.50; 30x30 inch, \$2.25 each.

L. Lodense. Trimmed specimens in Globes, Broad Cones and Cubes. Make splendid accent plants for formal work. Diameter 18 inch, \$1.00; 24 inch, \$2.00; 30 inch, \$3.00. Same for hedges, 4 to 6 inch, \$3.50 hundred.

L. Lucidum. "Waxleaf Privet." 15 ft. Entirely evergreen, large deep green glossy leaves and fine appearance. Bushy plants. Creamy white flowers, followed by large clusters, blue berries. B.B., 3 to 4 ft., 75c; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$2.25.

L. ovalifolium aurea marginatum. "Golden Privet." Bushy field grown and trimmed. Balled. 1½ to 2 ft., 75c; gal. cans, 50c; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00.

See Page 3 for Privet Hedge Plants.

PERENNIAL PHLOX

For Gay Long-Time Bloom
30c Each; \$2.50 Doz., Postpaid

Beacon, Cherry Red.

B. Compte. Oxblood.

E. Campbell. Cameo pink.

Firebrand. Orange scarlet.

Jules Sandeau. Pure pink.

Miss Lingard. Waxy white.

R. P. Struthers. Crimson.

Rinjstroom. Pink.

Thor. Salmon pink.

POSTPAID RATES

Are Shown at Top of Page 8



Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora

GILLET'S SHADE TREES

30 Kinds

MOUNTAIN ASH

"European." Small tree of erect growth. Flowers white, followed by large red berries. Scarlet leaves in autumn. Very handsome at any season. Bare root. 6 to 8 ft., branched, \$1.50; 5 to 6 ft., 85c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c. Protect this tree from borers.

BEECH

"European Green Leaf." 50 ft. Because of their elegant habit and delicate tracery of foliage, these trees adapt themselves to the most ornamental situation. They transplant well with a ball of earth. Tolerates shade. Potted, 18 to 24 in., 75c; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.25; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50

BIRCH

Betula Papyrifera "Canoe Birch." 30 ft. Has the whitest bark of all birches with loose graceful head when older. Bark curls and peels giving an artistic touch. 4 to 5 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c.

"Cutleaf Weeping Birch." Same as European but leaves are deeply cut and branches weep gracefully. An elegant tree on the lawn. Bare roots, 4 to 6 ft., \$1.00.

CATALPA

Catalpa Speciosa. "Western Catalpa." 30 ft. Hardy tree desirable where winters are cold, stands hard conditions. Very large leaves. Beautiful large white flowers with dark markings. Bare root, 6 to 7 ft., 85c; 4 to 6 ft., 75c.

CHESTNUT

Where they do well, no finer shade tree can be planted. We offer selected, well branched trees that should bear nuts soon. Bare root, 8 to 10 ft., \$2.00; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.25. For smaller sizes, see under Nut Trees

HORSE CHESTNUT

Aesculus hippocastanum. "Horse Chestnut." 40 ft. Tree of medium growth with round, symmetrical top; has magnificent spikes of white, sweet-scented flowers. Bare roots, 18 to 24 inch, 35c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 85c; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.00.

HACKBERRY

Celtis sinensis. "Hackberry." 30 ft. A fine shade tree for the hot, dry country, with spreading head of light green foliage. Not affected by any insects or fungi, grows in any soil and under all conditions, no matter how difficult. Fruit is pea size, dull red, pendent. 5 to 6 ft., 85c; 4 to 5 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 65c.

LOCUST

R. pseudacacia. "Black Locust." A fast grower with spreading top. Foliage light green, flowers white and very fragrant. Very drought resistant. Bare root, 8 to 10 ft., \$1.00; 6 to 8 ft., 85c; 5 to 6 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.



SHAGBARK HICKORY

ELM

Ulmus Pumila "Chinese or Siberian." Exceedingly rapid growing tree. In dry interior sections, it adapts itself to extremes of heat, cold, drought and alkali. It is the one tree which can be planted almost anywhere and which will be almost certain to succeed. 8 to 10 ft., \$1.50; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., 85c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

Ulmus Parvifolia. "Evergreen Elm." 25 ft. One of the most beautiful elms in cultivation. A small tree with a spreading crown of slender drooping branches and delicate, bright green leaves, which change to bronze and purple in Fall. Grows rapidly. Evergreen except in cold sections, where its leaves are dropped for a short time. 5 to 6 ft., 75c; 4 to 5 ft., 65c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

LINDEN

Tilia tomentosa. "Silver Linden." A shapely, upright tree, densely foliated with large heart-shaped leaves, dark green above, pale green and silver beneath. Stands heat better than other lindens. Flowers yellow and fragrant. Bare root, branched, 8 to 9 ft., \$2.25; 6 to 8 ft., \$2.00; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.75; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50.

MAPLE (Acer)

A. circinatum. "Vine Maple." Handsome round headed small tree or shrub, beautiful with its delicate light green foliage, red flowers, rose-colored fruits and scarlet fall foliage. Bare roots, 2 to 3 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 85c; 4 to 5 ft., 90c.

A. platanoides. "Norway Maple." 40 ft. Large round form tree, with dark heavy foliage. Fine for most any situation. 10 to 12 ft., well branched, \$2.75 to \$3.50; 8 to 10 ft., \$1.75; whips, 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., 75c.

A. platanoides schwedleri. "Purple-leaf Maple." The most beautiful of the large maples. Buds are brilliant orange; young foliage coppery and mature leaves deeply stained with purple. Bare root, 6 to 8 ft., branched, \$1.75; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.25.

Japanese Blood Leaf. (R). (See page 10). Beautiful specimen plant for sun or part shade.

A. Saccharinum. "Silver Maple." Most rapid growing of all maples with large leaves silvery beneath. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

MULBERRY

Russian. 30 ft. A round headed tree of quick growth, profuse foliage. Plant in chicken yards for shade and berries, 6 to 7 ft., 90c; 5 to 6 ft., 75c; 4 to 5 ft., 60c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 35c.

WEeping MULBERRY

"Tea's Weeping Mulberry." Very ornamental and of drooping habit. Its long, slender branches fall gracefully to the ground, forming a dense umbrella-shaped head. May be trained over a framework to form a wide roof of green. Excellent for a lawn specimen. Trees headed at 5 and 6 ft. 4 year heads, \$2.50 to \$3.50 each.

THE OAKS

For long life, stateliness, wide spreading shade and beautiful fall coloring no tree excels the oak.

***Quercus chrysolepis. "Golden Cup Oak."** 40 ft. The finest evergreen oak for specimen planting. Leaves when young holly-like. Forms round head. Acorns borne in yellow moss-like cups. Balled, 2 to 3 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.75; 5 to 6 ft., \$2.25.

Quercus palustris. (Pin Oak). 75 ft. Fastest growing of all the Oaks and easily transplanted; makes a dense, broad pyramidal head, branching horizontally; leaves of the most pleasing shade of green, deeply cut, turning red in Fall; free from insects and other troubles and one of the best shade trees for damp or heavy soils. 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.00; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.25; lots of 10, less 10%.

POPLAR

Simon. "Flagpole Poplar." Very erect columnar growth; fine foliage. Better than Lombardy Poplar in every way. 8 to 10 ft., \$1.25; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.00; 5 to 6 ft., 75c; whips, 4 to 6 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 40c.

Carolina. Fast growing spreading type. 8 to 9 ft., 90c; 6 to 8 ft., 75c; 5 to 6 ft., 60c.

Chinese. Splendid quick growing shade tree with large dark green leaves. Good everywhere. This tree "can take it." 5 to 6 ft., 85c. Whips, 5 to 6 ft., 50c; 4 to 5 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 30c.

PLANE. Sycamore

Plane Oriental. "European Sycamore." 60 ft. Valuable park and avenue tree; grows rapidly into a uniform tree. Foliage bright green, leaves deeply cut. Where quick and heavy shade is wanted, plant this one. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25; 8 to 10 ft., \$1.50; 10 to 12 ft., \$2.00. Whips, 5 to 6 ft., 75c.

Occidentalis. "American Plane." 80 ft. Very similar to Oriental Plane but less regular in habit of growth and with more deeply lobed leaves turning rich browns in fall, 5 to 6 ft., 75c; 4 to 5 ft., 65c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c.

SWEET GUM

Liquidambar. 120 ft. Forms large tree, but of slow growth. Leaves star shaped, similar to Maple. The autumn coloring is most gorgeous, surpassing that of any other tree. Balled, 5 to 6 ft., \$1.75; 6 to 7 ft., \$2.50; Bare root, 4 to 5 ft., \$1.25.

TULIP TREE

Liriodendron. 100 ft. Leaves large, rich green. Flowers handsome, cup-shaped, resembling a Tulip; greenish yellow, marked with orange inside. A magnificent tree. 3 to 4 ft., 75c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c. Safely moved with ball and burlap, included in price.

WILLOW

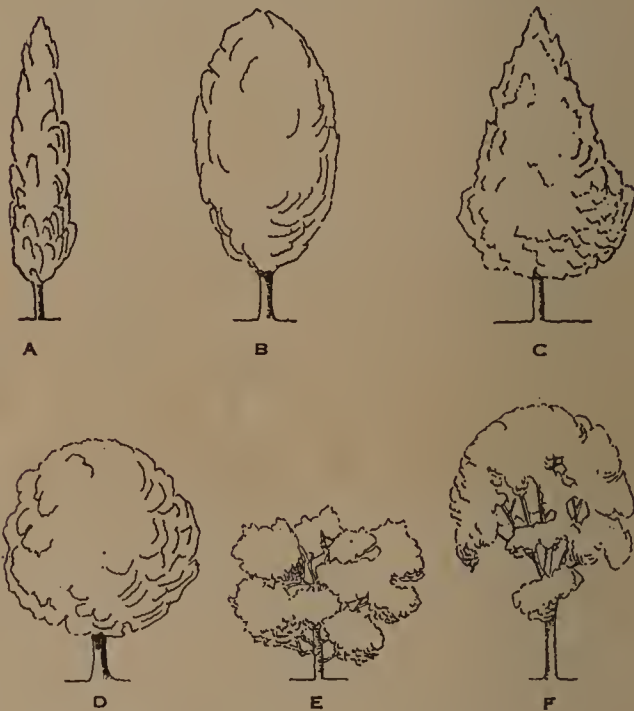
Salix babylonica. "Babylon Weeping Willow." 55 ft. A strong, tall-growing willow with pendulous branches. Particularly adapted for waterside planting. Although this variety does not weep as heavily as the Wisconsin Willow, it is more satisfactory where quick height is desired. 8 to 10 ft., \$1.25; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.00; 5 to 6 ft., 75c; 4 to 5 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 40c.

Wisconsin Weeping and Golden Weeping. Same price as above.

Salix annularis. "Ringleaf Weeping Willow." 30 ft. In growth very similar to the ordinary Weeping Willow, but each leaf is curled and twisted into a ring. An oddly beautiful tree which is very attractive beside a pool. 2 to 3 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c; 4 to 5 ft., 60c.

S. vitellina. "Golden Willow." 40 ft. Tree strong, upright grower; bark yellow, making a striking contrast with other trees. Hardy and rapid growing. 5 to 6 ft., 75c; 6 to 8 ft., 85c.

CHOOSE SHADE TREES WITH THIS KEYED GUIDE



To Aid Your Selection We Give Below
List of Shade Trees With Key Letter:

ASH, Mountain	C
BEECH, Purple and Green.....	D
BIRCH, White-Canoe.....	B
CATALPA, Western	E
CHESTNUT.....	C
ELM, Evergreen.....	C
ELM, Chinese	B
GUM, Sweet	C
HACKBERRY	E
HORSE CHESTNUT	C
LINDEN, European	F
LOCUST	E
MAPLE, Vine	E but small
MAPLE, Norway Schwedleri.....	D
MAPLE, Japanese	E but very small
MAPLE, Sugar	F
MAPLE, Silver	D
MULBERRY, Russian	E
OAK, Golden Cup.....	D
OAK, Pin	C
PLANE, European	D
PLANE, American.....	F
POPLAR, Simon	A
POPLAR, Carolina	B
POPLAR, Chinese	B
POPLAR, Silver	D
TULIP	B
WILLOW, Weeping	F
WILLOW, Golden	E

VINES AND TRAILERS

EVERGREEN VINES

AJUGA

A. Reptans. (R.) Forms close carpet of bronzed purple leaves. Blue flowers, 4 inches high. Best in part shade. Runner plants, 35c dozen; \$2.75 per 100.

CREEPING EUONYMOUS

These evergreen trailers unexcelled in hanging baskets, window boxes, rock-work, ground cover.

E. radicans. "Wintercreeper." Dense growing trailing vine; can be trimmed to form a low border or hedge; clings to stone or wood. Leaves are dark green with white veins; does best in partial shade. 25c to \$1.00. Rooted runners, 100, \$10.00.

E. radicans. Variegata. Variety "Little Gem." (R.) A rare variety of above. Foliage edged with creamy white, pinkish tinge in winter. 4 inch pots, 40c; 5 inch pots, 50c.

E. radicans vegetus. "Bigleaf Wintercreeper." Trailing evergreen shrub or vine with thick, fleshy stems and leaves and an abundance of red fruit with yellow pods. Hugs close to rocks or wood. 25, 35c, 50c.

HEDERA. Ivy

H. Helix. "English Ivy." 20 to 50 ft. Very dark green, leathery leaves. Old vines have greenish flowers and black berries in clusters. Strong plants, 4-inch pots, 25c each, \$2.00 per 10; 5-inch pots, 35c each, \$3.00 per 10. Rooted runners, 75c doz.

H. helix conglomerata. Very interesting for pot culture. One-inch leaves crowded on the stem. Trails slowly. Potted 25c, 35c and 50c.

H. Helix dentata aurea. Very large leaf with wide border of gold. Rare and extremely beautiful. Potted, 25c to 75c.

H. Helix. "Emerald Gem." A strong growing variety with small leaves, veined white. 25c to 75c.

H. Helix erecta. Grows straight up but very slow, making it ideal for pot culture. Small leaves overlap on stems. 35c.

H. Helix hibernica. "Irish Ivy." Similar to the English Ivy except that the foliage is smaller. Quart containers, 25c to 75c.

H. Helix maculata minor. A mottled variegated variety with small leaves. Potted, 25c to 75c.

H. Helix tri-color. Small leaf variety with green and white variegated foliage, the edges of which turn red in fall. Potted, 35c to 75c.

H. Maderensis. "Variegated Algerian Ivy." A new large leaf ivy with light green center and broad margin of creamy white. Edges turn pink in fall and winter. A beauty. To see it is to want it. Potted, 25c to 75c.

EVERGREEN

JASMINE

J. Stephanense. New. A hardy hybrid, pink flowered, sweet scented sort. 35c to 75c each.

LONICERA. Honeysuckle

L. aureoreticulata. "Yellownet Japanese Honeysuckle." Foliage handsomely netted with bright yellow. Potted, 35c, 50c.

***L. Californica.** 15 ft. Hairy leaves and stems; its berry effects are very pleasing when allowed to run over trees and shrubs. Berries scarlet in clusters. 35c to 75c each.

L. haliana. "Halls Japanese." 15 ft. Evergreen foliage. Flowers white, changing to yellow. Blooms July to late fall. Excellent vine for porch, arbor or ground cover. Hardy. Strong plants, 25c to 75c. To cover banks, use rooted runners, at \$5.00 per 100.

Lonicera heckrottii. 3 ft. A new hybrid bush or low climbing Honeysuckle. It starts to produce quantities of its delightfully fragrant flowers in May and in September is still going strong. Flowers are large, orange-yellow, flushed with purplish-crimson. Perfectly hardy. Prefers the sun. For covering a stump, low wall or as a bush, we recommend it as most colorful and fragrant. Gal. containers, 60c; 4-inch pots, 40c.

L. sempervirens. "Red Coral Honeysuckle." Less dense than above variety, with twining grayish green shoots; oval leaves and large showy orange-scarlet flowers; coral berries, 20c to 50c.

Lonicera implexa. A beautiful evergreen Honeysuckle making a spreading plant, about 2 feet high and 4 feet across, forming a crown of graceful arching branches, covered with grey-green leaves. Blooms all summer with many clusters of fragrant flowers, deep pink, fading to creamy white. Full sun or part shade. Hardy on the Pacific Coast. Easily trained as a climber if desired. Gal. containers, 60c; 4-inch pots, 40c.

DECIDUOUS VINES

Bittersweet. "Oriental Bittersweet." 20 ft. High climbing. Rapid grower. The bright orange seed pods, disclosing their scarlet seeds, are most interesting; they will retain their color on cut and dried branches. 3 year plants, 50c.

Polygonum auberti. "Silver Lace Vine." Twining habit averaging 25 feet in a season. The small foliage is fresh and shiny, with an extravagance of large, white, foamy flower sprays, from late summer into the fall. Potted, 75c each.

Trumpet Vine. 30 ft. A robust hardy vine twining tightly with roots along stems. Orange-scarlet flowers cluster at tip of branches. Climbs to great heights on trunks of trees. For every purpose one of the best hardy vines. Strong 3 year, 35c, 50c, 75c.

VINES and FLOWERING TREES

DECIDUOUS VINES—(Cont'd)

Clematis. 20 ft. Grand for pillars and trellises, pegged down for bedding and for running over rock-work, old trees and stumps. They delight in rich soil and sun. The large flowering types we list are exceedingly beautiful. Hardy. Like lime in soil.

C. jackmanni. Large, rich, velvety purple flowers in great profusion. Potted, \$1.00.

C. Mme. Edouard Andre. Large, bright red flowers. Potted, \$1.00.

C. Baron Veillard. Large pink flowers, \$1.00 potted.

IVIES

Boston Ivy. 50 ft. Unexcelled climber. Foliage dense and glossy. Furnished with small discs, which adhere to brick, stone or wood, foliage turns red in fall. Potted, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c each.

Virginia Creeper. 30 ft. Foliage large, turning scarlet in autumn. Flowers borne on red stalks. Strong 3 yr. plants, 35c, 50c each; \$4.00 per 10.

Ampelopsis henryana. Handsome big five-fingered leaves, olive green marked with silver, most beautiful in partial shade. Brilliant hues in fall, leafless in winter. Fairly hardy. 4-inch pots, 50c.

Ampelopsis inconstans lowii. Leaves small, about 1 inch, finely cut, turning bright red. Very pretty where dainty clinging vine is required. Clings to walls. Potted, 75c.

WISTERIA

40 ft. Handsome for use on pergolas, porches and trellises. Attractive foliage, magnificent drooping clusters of pea-shaped flowers. Our grafted plants are taken from flowering plants and are far superior to cheap seedlings.

Wisteria chinensis. "Chinese Wisteria." Flowers light purple-lavender, borne in racemes nearly a foot long, very fragrant. Not grafted. Heavy 5 year plants, \$1.50.

W. multijuga. "Japanese Wisteria." (Var. Mrs. Goyne.) Long racemes of light lavender flowers borne about two weeks later than Chinese Wisteria, to escape frost damage to blossom buds. Grafted. Heavy 3 year plants, \$2.00 to \$3.50.

W. violacea flore plena. Exceedingly beautiful double variety with fragrant violet flowers in long racemes. Grafted. Potted 1 year, 50c.

SHOWY FLOWERING TREES

ALBIZZIA. Persian Silk Tree

A. Julibrissin. "Pink Acacia." 30 ft. Handsome shade and avenue tree highly adapted to California conditions. Fine feathery foliage, pink fragrant flowers in great profusion from July to October. Stands winter as far north as Portland, Oregon. 1 ft., 25c; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00.

TREE FORM ROSE ACACIA

Robinia hispida macrophylla. "Pink Flowering Locust of Rose Acacia." Top-grafted into heavy stems of Black Locust at about 6 ft., forming large heads which eventually become about eight to twelve feet in diameter, which in the spring are a mass of brilliant rose-pink, pea-shaped flowers, 8 to 12 ft. over all, \$2.50 to \$4.00, according to form.

FLOWERING CRAB APPLES

M. ioensis Bechteli. "Bechtel's Double Flowering Crab." 8 to 12 ft. Trees of small to medium size, covered in early spring with large, beautiful, double fragrant flowers of a delicate pink color, like small roses.

P. niedzwetskyana. (Red-vein Crab) An early flowering variety with red, single flowers; foliage veined with red and bark bright reddish-brown. EITHER OF ABOVE ½ TO ¾ INCH CALIPER, 90c.

DOGWOODS

Cornus Mas. "Cornelian Cherry." 15 ft. A handsome, large, dense growing shrub or tree, with foliage of graceful shape and pleasing dark green color. Bright yellow flowers borne in great profusion in early spring give way to yellow cherries size of olives. 3 to 4 ft., 50c; 4 to 5 ft., 60c; 5 to 6 ft., 75c.

Pink Flowering Dogwood. **Cornus Florida Rubra.** Deep pink flowers, 2 to 3 inches wide, cover the tree before foliage appears in spring. The most beautiful of the Dogwoods. Bare roots, 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.50; 2 to 3 ft., \$2.00.

JAPANESE WEEPING CHERRY

A small graceful tree with drooping branches which often touch the ground. Beautiful double pink blossoms in early spring, appear in great profusion before the foliage. One of the handsomest flowering varieties. A good lawn tree. 5 ft. stems, \$2.50; 6 ft. stems, \$2.75. Add 25c for packing if to be shipped.

HAWTHORNS

Handsome deciduous flowering tree. Of small size and fine habit. The double flowering varieties are a glorious sight in May. If the flowers were inconspicuous, the bright red berries in profusion would warrant planting this tree. Do well in rather dry place.

Paul's Double Scarlet. 15 ft. Flowers deep crimson-scarlet; very double, followed by bright red berries. 1 yr. 3 to 4 ft., 60c; 4 to 5 ft., 75c; 5 to 6 ft., 90c. Bare roots. Two-year balled, branched with flower buds, 5 to 6 ft., \$1.50; 6 to 7 ft., \$1.75.

Crataegus oxyacantha. "Single White Thorn." A cloud of fragrant white bloom in spring; myriads of bright red berries in fall. Bare roots, 2 to 3 ft., 25c; 3 to 4 ft., 40c; 4 to 6 ft., 50c; 6 to 8 ft., 75c.

***Crataegus douglassi.** (T). 20 ft. Native of Pacific Coast. Has long thorns on shiny reddish twigs. Fruit black, edible. Brilliant fall color of foliage makes it worth planting. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.35; 4 to 6 ft., \$1.50.

Crepe Myrtle. See Page 10.

Magnolias. See Pages 9-10.

REDBUD OR JUDAS TREE FOR SHOWY SPRING COLOR

Cercis canadensis. "American Redbud."

Small tree, every twig of which is covered with little pink, pea-shaped blossoms in early spring. 4 to 5 ft., \$1.25; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00.

FLOWERING PEACH

Burbank. Large double pink flowers. late.

Double Cerise. The latest variety to bloom.

Double Red. Late flowering.

Double White. Large flowers, exquisitely lovely.

Genbei. Variegated pink and white. Any of above, 4 to 6 ft., 75c each.

PURPLE-LEAVED PLUM

Prunus Vesuvius. An excellent flowering plum with rich deep reddish-purple foliage, splendid for a contrast with other shades of green, and beautiful when covered with its small pale pink blooms in spring. 4-6 ft., 75c.

Prunus triloba. A beautiful dwarf tree covered with double ruffled flowers of appleblossom-pink. 2 to 3 ft., 60c.

GILLET'S BERRY BEARING SHRUBS

COTONEASTER

Handsome shrubs, leaves of varying shades of green, some turning to bright fall colors; flower minute, usually white or pinkish; berries of many hues and colors varying from orange to bright scarlet. Unexcelled for grouping, corner effects and for edging large plantings of shrubby borders and for rock gardens. Usually have in stock larger and smaller sizes than listed, of all varieties.

PROSTRATE COTONEASTERS For Rock Gardens, Etc.

Size is determined by spread and not by height.

C. apiculata. (R.) New. Semi-prostrate. Berries bright red nearly the size of cranberries in great profusion. Hardy in the East. 12 to 18 inch, 75c.

C. gracilis. (R.) 3 ft. One of the choicest new creeping cotoneasters, very prostrate, rather slow growing, foliage is a little larger and brighter than that of *C. rotundifolia*; berries are bright rose red. Potted, 40c and 75c.

C. horizontalis. (R.) 3 ft. Deciduous. One of the best trailing shrubs. Branches grow almost on the ground. Leaves very small and turn red during winter. Flowers pinkish white. Berries bright red in great profusion. Hardy. Potted, 25c, 35c; balled, 12 to 18 inch, \$1.00.

C. microphylla. (R.) 3 ft. Spreading habit, but semi-erect. Dark green foliage, evergreen. Berries rose-red, 35c to \$1.25. Quite hardy. Does well in part shade.

C. microphylla thymifolia. 2 ft. (R.) Very small leaves. Very dwarf. Excellent rock plant. Berries small coral-red, 8 to 12 inch, 50c; 12 to 15 inch, 75c.

UPRIGHT COTONEASTERS

C. Franchetti. 6 ft. Fast growing, upright arching branches, leaves dark green on top; silvery beneath. Older leaves turn red in fall. Many orange-red berries scattered over the branches in the winter. Fairly hardy. Potted 25c to 50c; balled, 3 to 4 ft., \$1.75.

C. heroveana. 6 ft. One of the finest upright growing Cotoneasters. Semi-drooping habit. Brilliant red berries. Some of the leaves turn red in fall. Decorative when cut. Bushy, field grown plants. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.75; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$2.00.

C. pannosa. "Silverleaf Cotoneaster." 8 ft. Leaves soft gray green, under sides silvery color. White flowers. Masses of dull silvery red berries, which remain all fall and winter. Fast growing and of graceful loose habit. Gal. cans, 50c; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.25; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50. Fairly hardy.

C. parneyi. 8 ft. The finest foliage and the showiest berries. Foliage much larger than other Cotoneasters, with big clusters of immense brilliant red berries in the fall and winter. Full sun. Gal. cans, 60c; balled, 18 to 24 inch, 85c.

C. heberphylla. 7 ft. Deciduous. Here is a hardy fine foliaged berried shrub, with attractive dark red berries. Foliage turns red in Fall. 12 to 18 inch, 40c.



WHITE SNOWBERRY

OTHER TREES AND SHRUBS PRODUCING BERRIES OF DECORATIVE VALUE ARE:

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Junipers	6
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Rhamnus	9
Magnolia	9

ARBUTUS

A. unedo. "Strawberry Tree." (S.) 10 ft. Large shrub, attractive glossy foliage. White flowers in winter months and with them the large red strawberry-like fruit of previous season. Showy and handsome. Balled, 12 to 18 inch, 75c; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00.

BERBERIS. Barberry

They add a great deal of charm to our gardens by their fall coloring and numerous berries of all shades and tints of blue and red, as well as their bright yellow or orange flowers in spring. Will grow under all conditions except dense shade and wet situations.

B. gagnepaini. 6 ft. A bushy plant with arching branches and long toothed, glossy Evergreen leaves wavy at the margins, orange flowers, and blue berries. Ruddy fall color. Balled, 1½ to 2 ft., \$2.00.

B. knighti. (S.) 5 ft. Leaves evergreen, elongated and prickly; flowers bright yellow; berries blue. Balled. 2 to 3 ft., \$2.00; 3 to 4 ft., 2.50.

B. Thunbergi, atropurpurea. (Red Leaf Barberry) 4 ft. When planted in full sun, a rich purple all summer, and in fall fiery red and orange coloring. Pendant purple berries. Deciduous. A beauty at all times, 12 to 18 inch, 40c; 18 to 24 inch, 85c.

ELEAGNUS

E. pungens reflexa. "Silverberry." 6 ft. A fine spreading shrub for part shade with leaves and stems covered with frosty, shiny scales, silvery on upper surface and bronze beneath. Tiny flowers in November, very fragrant. Berries are silvery. 1 to 2 ft., 75c.

E. pungens maculata. "Golden variegated leaf." Rare and elegant variety of above species. Large frosty leaves, beautifully marked with golden yellow. 15 to 18 inch, \$1.75.

EUONYMOUS

E. Alatus. "Winged Euonymous." S. 10 ft. Very interesting shrub with corky wings on branches. Bears profusion of red berries, followed by brilliant cerise colored foliage in fall. Deciduous Bare Roots. 1 ft., 25c; 1½ to 2 ft., 85c.

ILEX. Holly

Holly prefers a moist, partially shaded location; fairly heavy soil. All holly species are dioecious; that is, male and female flowers are borne on separate plants. It is necessary to have both to insure a crop of berries on female trees.

I. Aquifolium femina. "English Holly." 15 ft. Dark green elegant waved, prickly leaves, grafted from trees that berry heavily. One male plant is sent with each grafted female tree, which should be planted in same hole or near the grafted plant. Prices per pair, size given is that of female tree, (male plants will be smaller) 12 to 15 inch, \$1.25; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.50; 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.75.

Following are much heavier plants, full of berries: 2 to 2½ ft., \$3.75; 2½ to 3 ft., \$5.00. If not berried, price is 20% less.

Silver Variegated Leaf. A beautiful shrub for part shade, with Silver edged prickly leaves. Price is 20% higher than the green leaf.

I. Cornuta. "Chinese Holly." 15 ft. Leaves similar to English Holly but rectangular. Red berries. Stands more heat than English Seedling plants. 15 to 18 inch, 75c each; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00 to \$2.00. Grafted female plants with one male, 1 to 1½ ft., \$1.75.

I. Crenata. "Japanese Holly." Shrub-like. Dark green small leaves. Can be sheared to neat specimens. Black berries. 12 to 18 inch, \$1.00; 8 to 12 inch, 75c each.

I. Opaca. "American Holly." 20 ft. Native of Eastern states. Balled, 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.00; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.25; 30 to 36 inch, \$1.50. Seedlings only, some will berry. For plants that have berried, \$3.75 per pair, male and female.

I. Verticillata. "Winter-berry." A handsome deciduous form of Holly. At its best in moist soil. The sparkling masses of crimson fruits which appear in October represent its greatest charm and carry its value far into winter, 4 to 5 ft., 90c. Berry bearing, \$1.25. 10 to 15 inch, 25c.

NANDINA

Nandina domestica. "Heavenly Bamboo." 5 ft. (S.) Made up of a number of canes densely clothed with compound leaflets, bronzy red when young, dark green at maturity, and with beautiful coppery red tones in winter. Thrives in sun or shade; covered with showy clusters of red berries in winter. Sizes run from 8 inches to 2 ft., 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00.

* Means Native of California.
(S) Means Shrub.

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MAHONIA. Holly Grape

***M. aquifolium. "Oregon Grape."** (S.) 6 ft. Dark green leaves, coppery purple during winter. New growth very glossy. Flowers bright yellow. Clusters of blue berries from which a fine jelly is made. Does well in shade. Balled, 15 to 18 inch, 50c to \$1.00; 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.25. Specimens, \$1.50 to \$2.50.

M. bealei. "Japonica." Medium sized shrub, unique foliage; large, spiny, light green, turning yellow with age. Flowers yellow; berries blue. Suitable for shady location. Quite hardy. Potted, 50c to \$1.75.

***M. repens. "California Barberry."** This is, without exception, the finest low growing native decorative shrub. Leaves holly-like and blue, grows close to ground. Full sun. Flowers bright yellow, in long racemes; fruit blueblack; growth slow. 75c to 85c.

PYRACANTHA. Firethorn Crataegus

They are exceedingly valuable for the great wealth of bright colored berries which they furnish in the fall and winter, and which remain on the plant for many months. They naturally grow quite tall, but if pruned back severely once a year will make a low dense bush.

Pyracantha atalantoides. Magnificent new variety, upright in growth, dark lustrous foliage, brilliant scarlet berries clustered profusely up and down the branches. A beautiful sight when in berry and in spring as well as when covered with a white halo of bloom. Gal. containers, 60c.

Pyracantha crenulata. 6 to 10 ft. Dark red berries scattered along the stems instead of in bunches. Leaves long, narrow, glossy, dark green. Grows slower and can be pruned to formal shapes. This variety will berry in part shade. Gal. cans, 50c; larger to \$1.50.

P. crenulata yunnanensis. 12 ft. Splendid form of preceding; growth semi-prostrate; foliage glossy; masses bright red berries, remain until early spring. Excellent for general ornamental planting; birds do not molest the fruit. Potted, 35c, 50c. Balled, 2 to 3 ft., \$1.25; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50. See hedge plants, page 10.

P. coccinea lalandi. (S.) 15 ft. Of strong growth, making long shoots that can be trained against a wall if desired. Profusion of white flowers. Berries orange yellow in immense clusters. Potted, 35c. Balled, 2 to 3 ft., \$1.25; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50; 4 to 6 ft., \$1.75.

P. formosana. 8 ft. Possibly the showiest of all this group of berried plants, recently introduced from Formosa. A solid mass of brilliant red berries in fall and winter Balled, trimmed specimen, 3x3 ft., \$1.50 to \$2.50.

P. rogersiana aurantiaca. A new variety with foliage and habit of growth much like *P. crenulata yunnanensis* but berries are golden yellow and remain in good condition on the plants much longer than most kinds. 5-gal. cans, 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50; gal. cans, 1½ to 2 ft., 60c.

SYMPHORICARPOS. Snowberry

Valued for their ornamental fruit, which remains on the plants all winter. Of slender growth, with fine foliage. Does well in part shade. Fine for covering banks. Deciduous.

S. Vulgaris. "Red Snowberry." 3 ft. Habit compact. Loaded during fall and winter with dark red berries in dense clusters. 3 to 4 ft., 75c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 18 to 24 inch, 35c.

S. chenaulti. "Improved Coral Berry." 5 ft. A lovely hybrid recently originated in the Arnold Arboretum. The numerous berries, considerably larger than the Coral Berry, are pink. Extremely graceful in habit with nearly evergreen lustrous foliage. Small pink and white flowers in June. Does well in sun or shade. 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 65c.

S. Racemosus (White Snowberry). 3 ft. Dwarf shrub with small pink blooms. Showy large white berries that hang on the plants the greater part of the winter. 50c each.



Berries of Pyracantha Lelandi

Walnuts, Pecans, Other Nuts



FRANQUETTE

WALNUTS

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
6 to 8 ft.....	\$1.50	\$13.50	\$125.00
4 to 6 ft.....	1.25	11.00	95.00

5 at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate.

Grafted on two-year Northern California Black, with unexcelled root system.

Vrooman Franquette. Very hardy, late blooming. Very large handsome nut of extra fine quality, commanding 5 cents per pound premium. Resists blight. Thomas Black (see below) and San Jose Mayette will pollinate Franquette.

GRAFTED BLACK WALNUTS

Thomas. Cracks out the meat in whole or large pieces. Nut and kernel large, excellent quality. Abundant and early bearer. 5 to 6 ft., \$1.35 each; \$12.50 per 10. Grafted on Northern California Black Roots. Thomas is rated as good pollenizer for Franquette.

Can furnish on Eastern black walnuts in quantity lots.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA BLACK WALNUT SEEDLINGS

	Each	5 to 10	50 to 100
4 to 6 ft., per each.....	\$.50	\$.45	\$.30
3 to 4 ft., per each.....	.40	.35	.25



PECANS

Nellis. This splendid Pecan originated in California. The nuts are of average size, of the most desirable long-pointed pecan shape, and with a very thin shell, the whole meat shelling out very readily. It is said to be self-fertile. 4 to 6 ft., \$2.00 each.

Caloro. The nut is very large, long, and tapering, and we have never seen a nut which cracks and separates from the shell as easily and perfectly as Caloro. The tree is possibly the most handsome of all Pecans, growing tall and slender, with beautiful large foliage. It is a heavy bearer and needs no cross-pollination. Best in the warmer interior sections. 4 to 6 ft., \$2.00 each. Offered, subject to supply, not in stock.

ALMOND

	Each	10	50 to 100
4 to 6 ft. per each.....	\$.50	\$.40	\$.35

Varieties—Drake and Nonpareil, which should be planted together. Will quote other varieties in quantity.

BEECHNUTS

European. Makes handsome shade or ornamental tree. Does best in rather loose dry soil. Shade the young tree until well established. Potted, 50c, 75c each. Larger sizes, see page 12.

BUTTERNUTS

Juglans cinerea. The good old butternut so many of us remember gathering in our youth. Makes a good shade tree. 2 to 3 ft., 65c; 3 to 4 ft., 85c.

HICKORY NUTS

Shagbark. The sweetest nuts of all. Makes stately tree. Small plants 25c each. Hickory nuts to eat, 25c lb.; 10 lbs., \$2.00. Postpaid to Fourth Zone.

GRAPES

Grapes. For home use. No. 1 grade. Each 15c; six, 75c; dozen, \$1.00; 100, \$5.00.

Listed in order of ripening:

Olivette Blanche (Lady Finger)

Black Hamburg	Malaga
Ribier	Thompson Seedless
Red Malaga	Flame Tokay
Muscat	

American Grapes. CONCORD, black. NIAGARA, white. CATAWBA, red. All are high quality. Fine for arbors. Hardy. Used for grape juice, jelly and eating fresh. No. 1 grade. Each, 20c; six, \$1.15; dozen, \$1.75.

FREE TREE GUARD WITH EVERY FRUIT TREE

See Page 16 for Tree Guards in Quantity.

GILLET'S Select FRUIT TREES, WALNUTS, etc.

GRAPE VINES, BERRY PLANTS

FRUIT TREES

PRICES ON ALL FRUIT TREES

(Except as noted)

Either of One Kind or in Assortment

This list of fruit trees has been selected for Home use and are all splendid sorts.

1 Year 4 to 6 ft. Size, 1/2 to 11-16 Caliper

1 to 10.....	\$0.50
11 to 49.....	.40
50 to 300.....	.35

Write for special prices on 300 or more or other kinds than listed.

Apple

Arkansas Black—Dark red. Late fall. Firm and crisp.

Gravenstein—Red striped. Fall. Excellent quality.

Jonathan—Red. Late fall. Early bearer and productive.

King David—Dark red all over. Late fall. Of fine quality.

*McIntosh Red—Early fall. The highest flavor of all apples. Crisp and sprightly.

*Red Delicious—Early winter. A fine eating apple. Productive.

Red Astrachan—July. Early bearer, good cropper. Does well in interior valleys.

Red Rome Beauty—Red Winter. Best for baking. Blooms late. Early bearer.

Red Siberian Crab. Summer. Best for jelly.

*Winesap—Red. Late winter. Latest keeper of all. Good for all uses.

Winter Banana—Yellow with red blush. Late fall. Youngest bearer of all.

Yellow Bellflower—Fall. Firm, tender, juicy.

Yellow Delicious—Late fall. Preferred by some, as of fine flavor.

Yellow Newtown Pippin—Late winter. A fine keeper, cooker, shipper, producer.

* IN 2 YEAR 4 TO 6 FT. TREES AT 5c HIGHER THAN LIST

Medlar. This tree fruit, about the size of a plum, is said to be very beneficial to rheumatic sufferers. Is quite ornamental, having attractive foliage, ruddy hues in the fall. Strong trees, 4 to 6 ft., \$1.50 each.

Apricot. Moorpark, Blenheim. The two finest quality Apricots.

Cherry. Royal Ann, Black Tartarian, Bing. These cherries do best when planted together. Black for eating. Royal Ann for canning.

Bing and Black Tartarian in 2 year 4 to 6 ft. only at 60c.

Fig. Black Mission. Brown Turkey.

Nectarines. Victoria. White flesh. Red skin. Free-stone.

Peach

Elberta—Yellow freestone. August. Canning.

Hales Early—White freestone. July. Best early eating peach.

J. H. Hale—Large yellow freestone. August. Canning or eating.

Foster—Yellow freestone. Crawford type, but better in every way. Mid-season.

Rochester. August. Large. Yellow Freestone. Finest quality.

Phillips Cling. September. Yellow canning sort.

Pear. On French roots.

Bartlett, late summer. Beurre Bosc, early winter. Winter Nelis, late winter. Seckel. Small fruit of wonderful flavor. Summer.

Persimmon. Hachiya, very large bright red. 4 to 6 ft., \$1.00.

Fuyu—This new persimmon is never puckery. Quite firm even when fully ripe. Fruits large, young and heavy bearer. 4 to 6 ft., \$1.25.

Plums

Hungarian—A very large hardy plum. Fine either fresh or canned.

Santa Rosa—July. Reddish color. Sprightly fine flavor.

Satsuma—Late. Large round. Skin and flesh red.

Yellow Egg—A hardy fine quality fruit.

Pomegranate. Variety, Wonderful. Very large and juicy. 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

Prune

French—Large size drying prune or to can.

Imperial—Very large. Rich flavor to dry, eat fresh or can.

Quince. Smyrna. Excellent quality. 3 yr. trees, \$1.00.

ASPARAGUS - BERRY PLANTS - RHUBARB

STRONG FIRST GRADE PLANTS

Postpaid to Fourth P. P. Zone

	Each	6	12	50	100
*These are strong tip rooted plants.					
*CORY THORNLESS BLACKBERRY.....	.15	.60	\$1.00	\$3.50	\$6.00
*YOUNGBERRY .....	.15	.60	1.00	3.50	6.00
*BOYSENBERRY .....	.15	.75	1.25	4.00	7.50
*LOGANBERRY .....	.15	.60	1.00	3.50	6.00
*CUMBERLAND BLACK CAP RASPBERRY.....	.15	.60	1.00	3.50	6.00
CUTHBERT RASPBERRY .....	.10	.40	.75	2.75	5.00
LLOYD GEORGE RASPBERRY (New).....	.15	.75	1.35	4.25	8.00
ST. REGIS RASPBERRY—Everbearing.....	.10	.40	.75	2.75	5.00
PERFECTION CURRANTS—2 Year, No. 1.....	.25	1.25	2.00	7.50	12.50
GOOSEBERRY—Oregon Champion, 2 Year, No. 1.....	Same price as currants.				
ASPARAGUS—Mary Washington .....			.35	1.15	2.00
MASTODON STRAWBERRY—Everbearing .....			.35	1.25	2.00
PROGRESSIVE STRAWBERRY—Everbearing	Same as Mastodon.				
BLAKEMORE STRAWBERRY (Has Long Season).....			.30	1.00	1.75
RHUBARB—Embree Cherry—(See below).....	.20	1.25	2.25		
RHUBARB—Strawberry (See below).....	.25	1.35	2.50		
RHUBARB—Giant Crimson Winter.....	.15	.75	1.25		

All our Rhubarbs are divisions. No seedlings. Embree and Strawberry Rhubarb are extra tender.

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How To Heel-in Trees

Unpack them without exposing the roots to the air longer than necessary. Dig a trench in loose soil 2 feet wide and 14 inches deep. Cut strings and put the trees in side by side and cover the roots with fine earth, being careful that it is well filtered in among the roots to keep them moist. Water copiously when the trench is half full; fill trench to same depth as trees stood in the nursery row. **Lean trees toward south-west.**

WALNUT SEED

10 Lbs. Postpaid to Fourth Zone.

Larger Lots by Freight Collect.

	10 lbs.	50 lbs.	100 lbs.
NORTH CALIF. BLACK	\$1.00	\$2.50	\$4.00

NUTS TO EAT

Postpaid to Fourth Zone.

	3 Lbs.	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
FILBERTS	55c	\$1.00	\$1.75
HICKORY	75c	1.15	2.00
CHESTNUTS	55c	1.00	1.75

YUCCA PROTECTORS



Save your trees from rabbits, borers, sun scald. Not affected by rain. Wire cannot girdle tree as it simply joins the edges of protector as shown.

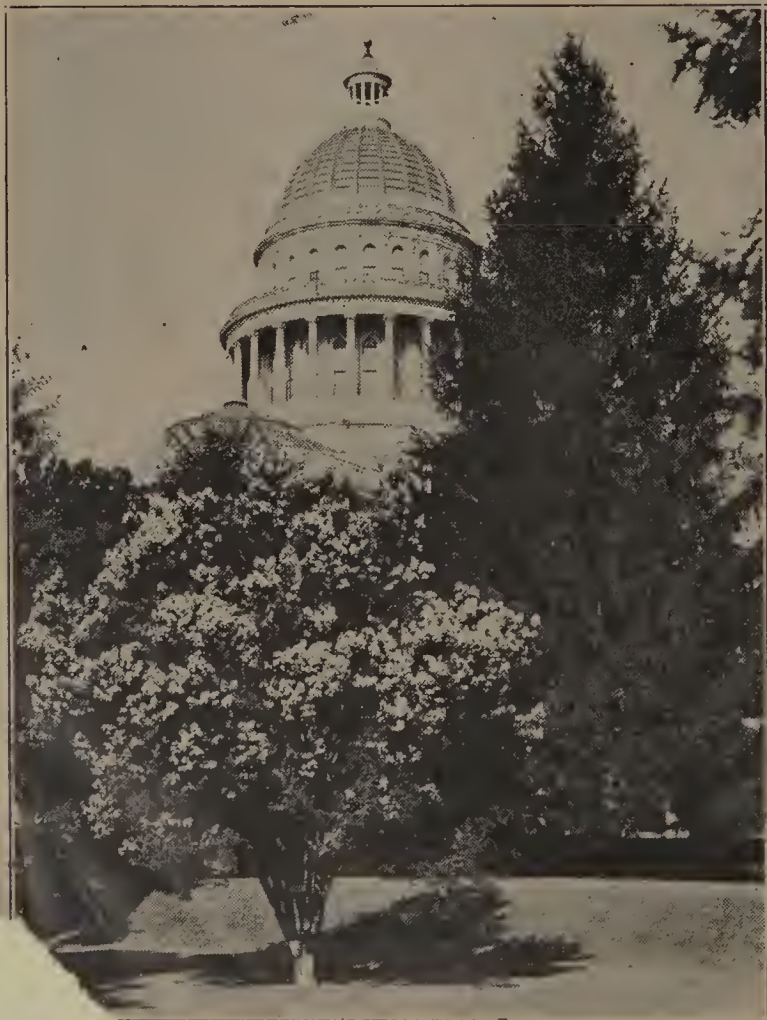
Length	Weight per	100	1000
30-in. 22 lbs.		\$2.50	\$22.00
24-in. 18 lbs.		2.00	17.50
18-in. 11 lbs.		1.75	14.00
16-in. 10 lbs.		1.50	13.00
14-in. 10 lbs.		1.30	12.00
12-in. 9 lbs.		1.20	11.00
10-in. 8 lbs.		1.10	10.00
Lots of 50 take 1/2 100 rate plus 20%.			

If wanted by Parcel Post, add postage from Los Angeles to your point. Shipping weights shown above. Plus 3% tax if in California.

NEWS PUBLISHING CO. SACRAMENTO

The Felix Gillet Nursery

NEVADA CITY, CALIF.



ends, Sacramento. Crepe Myrtle in Foreground. See Page 10.

PECAN
FILBERT
WALNUT
CHESTNUT
BUTTERNUT
HICKORYNUT
FRUIT TREES
BERRY PLANTS
VINES
SHRUBS
EVERGREENS
RARE PLANTS
SHADE TREES
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